IceCube Realtime Analyses.

Realtime environment and analyses overview

Thomas Kintscher for the IceCube Collaboration

4th AMON Workshop Penn State University, 2015/11/03



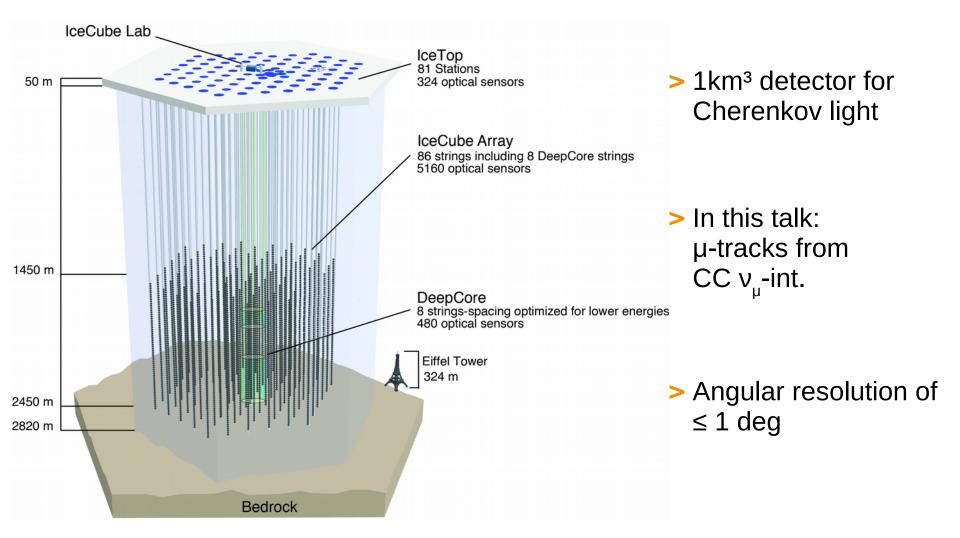


Outline

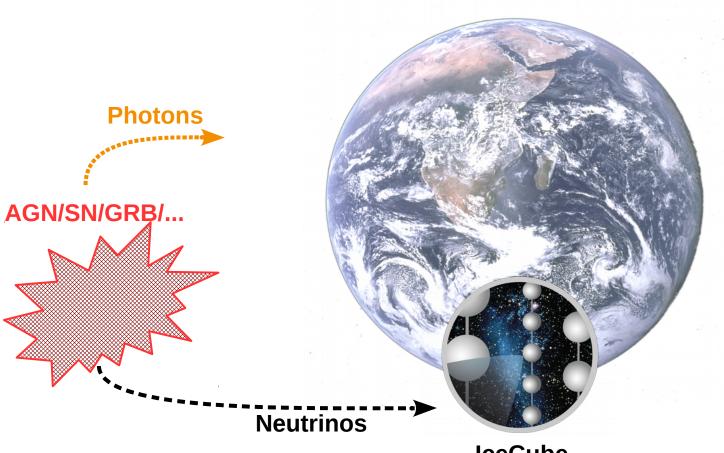
- > IceCube Detector
- > Real-Time Infrastructure
- > Follow-up / Alert Programs:
 - Optical Follow-Up
 - Gamma-Ray Follow-Up
 - HESE Alerts
 - EHE Alerts
- > Summary



The IceCube Neutrino Observatory

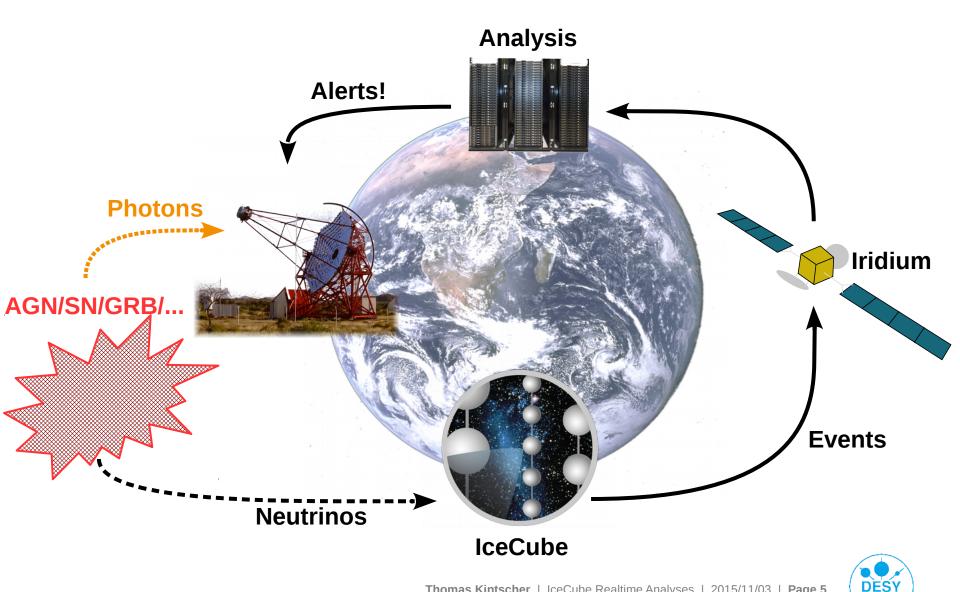


The Follow-Up Procedure





The Follow-Up Procedure



Challenges (not just) for Realtime Operations

Limited computing resources at the South Pole

- > Limited connectivity
 - Iridium: Low-latency and low-bandwidth
 - TDRSS: High-bandwidth and high-latency
- Limited realtime detector monitoring
 - No Good Run List



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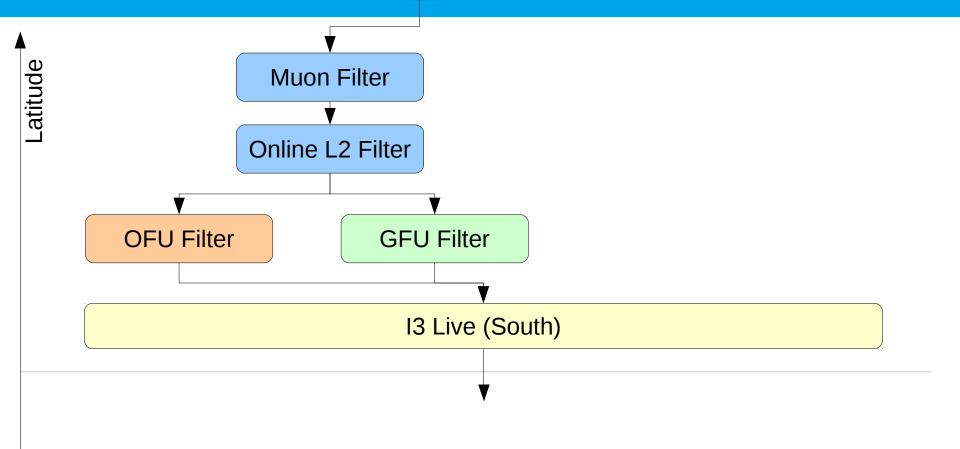
- > Limited connectivity
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- Fast/specialized eventselections
 - Structure of this talk
- > Basic event information first via low-latency channel
- > Full event transferred later for improved recos
- > Solutions available



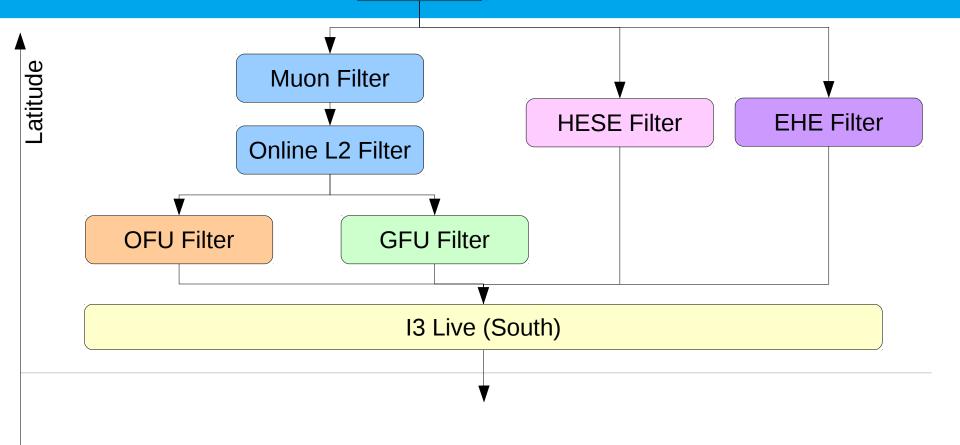
Latitude

"Time"



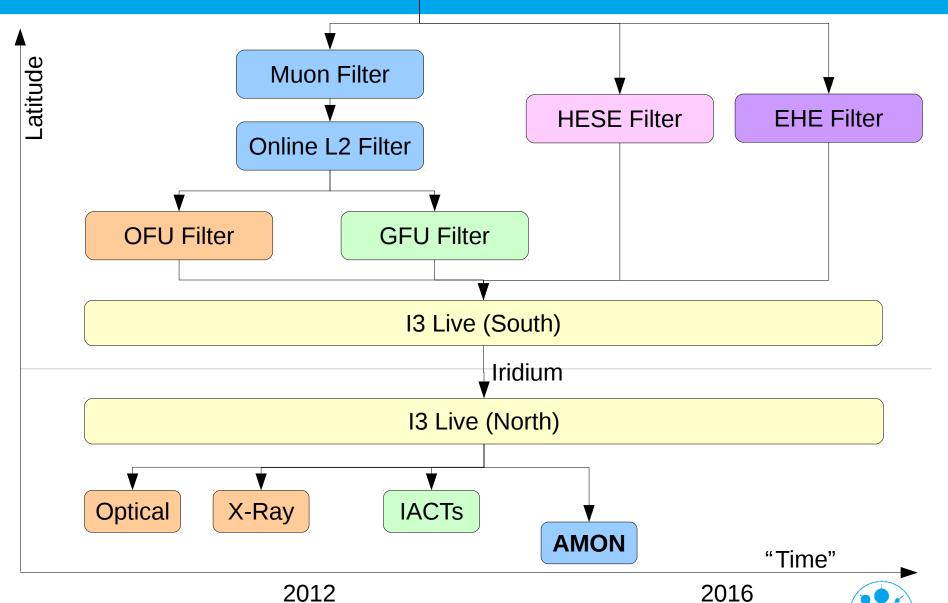
"Time"





"Time"





DESY

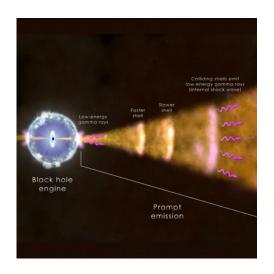
Outline

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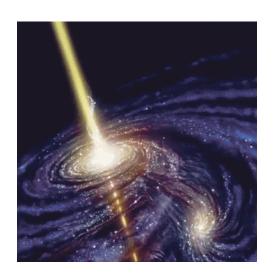


Gamma-Ray, Optical and X-ray Follow-Up

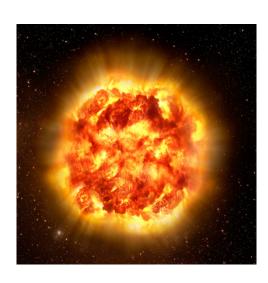
> Targeted at transient and variable sources



GRB: 10 - 100 s



AGN flare: ~ 10 d



SN: ~ 100 d

- > Wide variety of time-scales for evolution
- > Time-dependent analyses:

Optical/X-ray Follow-Up: Multiplets within 100 seconds

Gamma-Ray Follow-Up: Point Source search



(Current) Follow-Up Observatories

> Gamma-rays

- MAGIC (1 alert / year)
- VERITAS (3 alerts / year)
- HESS (t.b.d.)
- Energy ranges: ~ 50 GeV 50 TeV
- FoV: ~ 3.5 deg.



PTF (9 alerts / year)

> FoV: 7.3 sq. deg.

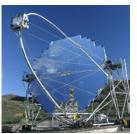
ZTF (under construction)

> FoV: 47 deg.

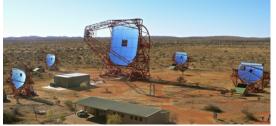
> X-rays: SWIFT-XRT (7 alerts / year)

FoV: 0.4 deg. (→1.1 deg.)

Energy: 0.2 – 10 keV







now also in AMON





Single Event Stream(s)

Old design:

- > Event selection, analyses and alert generation at the South Pole
- > Only alerts sent north

New design:

- > Event selection at the South Pole
- > Basic event information sent north
- > Analyses and alert generation in the North
 - → more flexible and easily upgradable



Single Event Stream(s)

- > Fast event selection at the South Pole using BDTs
- > Pick well-reconstructed, through-going muon tracks

	OFU	GFU
Precuts	same	
BDT Variables	10	10+2
Trained spectrum	equally weighted E ⁻¹ , E ⁻² , E ⁻³ spectra	E ⁻² spectrum
Cover	Northern sky	Full sky
Event rate	5 mHz	4 mHz

- Merging effort underway (scheduled for the new season)
- > Basic event information sent north:
 Direction, Energy, Directional uncertainty estimate, BDT score
- > Median delay so far: 22 seconds!



Follow-Up with Gamma-Ray Observation

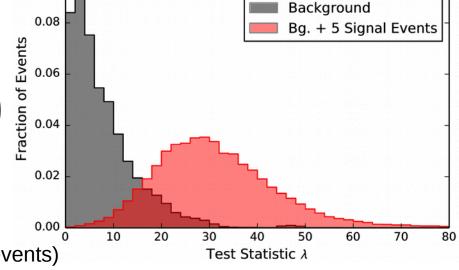
- > Receive tracks from (GFU) single event stream
- > Marginalized likelihood: $\mathcal{L}(x_i, t_i, E_i | n_{\mathrm{sig}}, \gamma) = \prod \left(\frac{n_{\mathrm{sig}}}{NI} S_i + \left(1 \frac{n_{\mathrm{sig}}}{NI} \right) B_i \right)$

S_i/B_i: PDFs containing spatial, energy and timing information

> Test statistic:

Test statistic:
$$\lambda = -2\ln\left(\frac{U(\mathsf{T}_s^{\mathrm{sig}},\mathsf{T}_e)}{U(\mathsf{T}_s,\mathsf{T}_e)}\frac{\mathcal{L}(\mathsf{n}_{\mathrm{sig}}=0)}{\mathcal{L}(\gamma,\mathsf{n}_{\mathrm{sig}})}\right) \overset{\text{5.06}}{\underset{\text{5.06}}{\text{5.06}}}$$
 Maximum-Likelihood fit of

- Spectral index
- "Signalness" (~amount of signal in events)



> Determination of most likely extent of time window (starting with last received event, looking back up to 21 days)



 $\delta = 0.52$, $\Delta T = 10 d$

Follow-Up with Gamma-Ray Observation

> Current setup: pre-agreed upon list of sources

Considerations:

- > Source visibility to follow-up observatory (~40% of time) (zenith at the telescope, moon phase and proxmity...)
- > Duty cycle of follow-up telescope
- > Test statistic cut → e.g. 2 alerts / year to MAGIC (automated email)

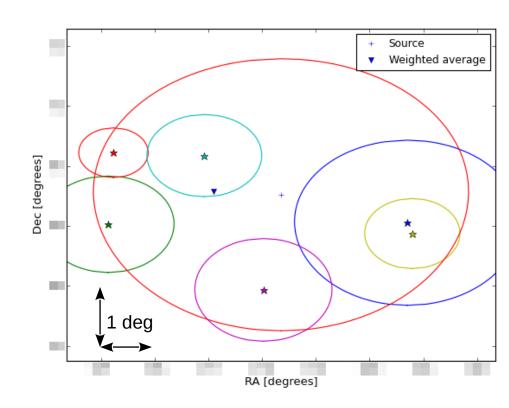
Future plans:

- > Develop unbiased (i.e. self-triggering, w/o source list) clustering search
- > High(est)-energy single neutrino events among GFU events



Alerts from Gamma-Ray Follow-Up

- > Running stable since March 2012
- > Number of physics alerts sent so far: 14
- > Most significant: 2012/11/09
 - N_{observed}: 6
 - Duration: 4.169 d
 - -log₁₀(pre-trial p-value): 4.637
- > Alert forwarded to VERITAS
- No significant evidence for gamma-ray emission seen





Intermission: Real-time Monitoring

- > 'Good Run List' not available online, but need for detector stability and event quality in real-time
 - Clustering of events recorded during stable running conditions
 - Detector live time influences likelihood

Alternative demonstrated with GFU at the South Pole:

- > Selection of trigger and filter rates
- > Sliding window averages: $S_i = \alpha x_i + (1 \alpha) S_{i-1}$ $\alpha = 0.01$ $\sigma_i = \sqrt{\langle x^2 \rangle S_i S_i}$
- > Stability score: $\xi_i = \sum_j \frac{|x_i^j S_{i-1}^j|}{\sigma_{i-1}^j}$
- > (will be) available in the North too
- > Cut on stability score by analyses



Follow-Up with Optical/X-ray Observations

- > Receive tracks from (OFU) single event stream
- > Closely clustered events on very short timescales
 - → (almost) no background
 - Angular distance: < 3.5°</p>
 - Temporal distance: < 100 s</p>
- > Test quantity: $\lambda = -2 \log \mathcal{L}$ $= \frac{\Delta \Psi^2}{\sigma_q^2} + 2 \log(2\pi\sigma_q^2) 2 \log\left(1 \exp\left(-\frac{\theta_A^2}{2\sigma_w^2}\right)\right) + 2 \log\left(\frac{\Delta T}{100 \text{ s}}\right)$
 - angular separation, reconstruction quality, events in telescope's FoV, small time intervals
- > Forwarding to
 - PTF: 9 alerts / year
 - SWIFT: 7 alerts / year



Alerts from Optical/X-ray Follow-Up

- > 2012/03/30: Most significant OFU alert to PTF
 - Two neutrinos within 1.7 s
- > Detection of core-collapse supernova PTF12csy within 0.14 deg

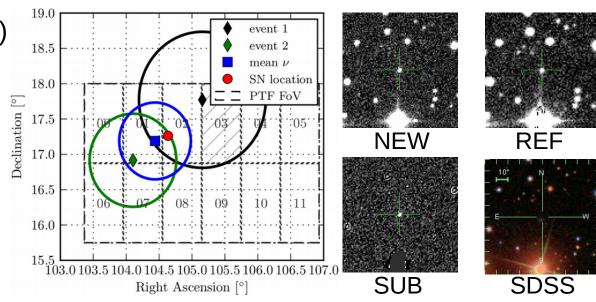
Distance: 300 Mpc

Age: > 169 days

> p-Value: $0.014 (2.6\sigma)$

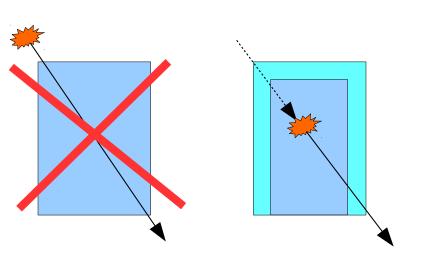
Chance detection, neutrinos likely unrelated to SN

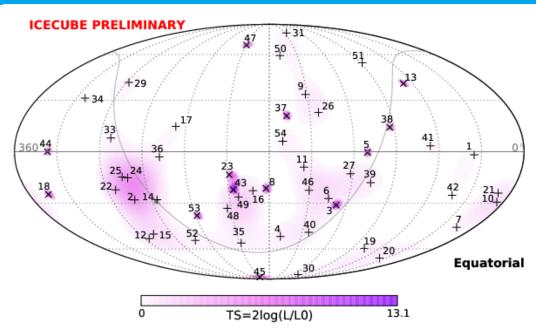
[arXiv:1506.03115], accepted by ApJ

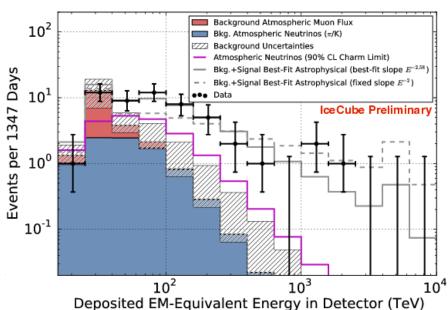


HESE Stream

- > High-Energy Starting Events
 - Veto by outer detector layer
 - Q > (1500) 6000 pe
- Starting tracks with lots of charge and short lever arm
 - → expensive reconstruction







HESE Stream

Handle in two stages:

- > Basic event reconstruction (cascade and track fit) at the Pole
- > Send event summary via high-priority, low-latency messages
 - To the North
 - And to AMON:
 Quick correlation analyses with HAWC, Auger, etc.

Sooner Later

- > Send full event information (i.e. pulses) via lower-priority channel
- > Run demanding reconstructions in the North
- Update AMON event with latest reco results

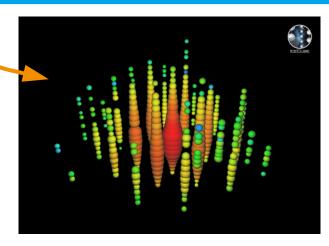


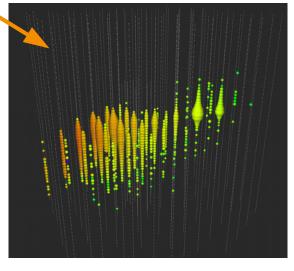
EHE (Extreme High Energy) Alert Stream

- > Similar to (offline) diffuse EHE analysis
 - Npe > 3000, Nch > 300, fit quality cuts
- > Adapted to target astrophysical neutrinos
- Only track-like candidates (with Online L2 reconstructions)
- > Expected yield: 6 events / year (2 background + 4 signal)

Intended audience:

- > Not generally public
- > MoU partners (e.g. MAGIC, HESS)
- > AMON partners: VERITAS, Swift, HAWC, ANTARES, ...







Summary and Outlook

- > Feasibility of realtime analyses demonstrated with IceCube and partner experiments:
 - Through-going Muon Stream
 - Gamma-Ray Follow-Up (with Realtime Stability Monitoring)
 - Optical/X-ray Follow-Up
- > Transition to flexible system
 - more event classes
 - more analyses
- > New event selections available soon
 - HESE Stream
 - EHE Alert Stream

