Superfluids and superconductors in confinement

Anton Vorontsov





DMR-0954342 CAREER

Superfluid ³He

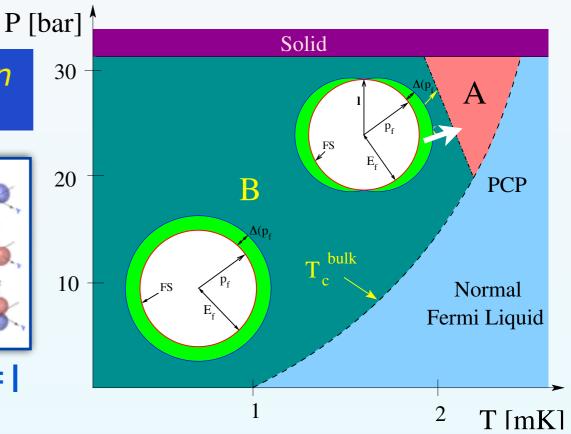
► Multi-component (18) Order Parameter with Broken Spin- Orbital and Gauge Symmetries.

$$\left(\begin{array}{c|c}
\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow\rangle\\
\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|\uparrow\downarrow+\downarrow\uparrow\rangle\\
\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow\rangle
\right) = \left(\begin{array}{c|c}
A_{xx} & A_{xy} & A_{xz}\\
A_{yx} & A_{yy} & A_{yz}\\
A_{zx} & A_{zy} & A_{zz}
\end{array}\right)$$

$$S=I$$

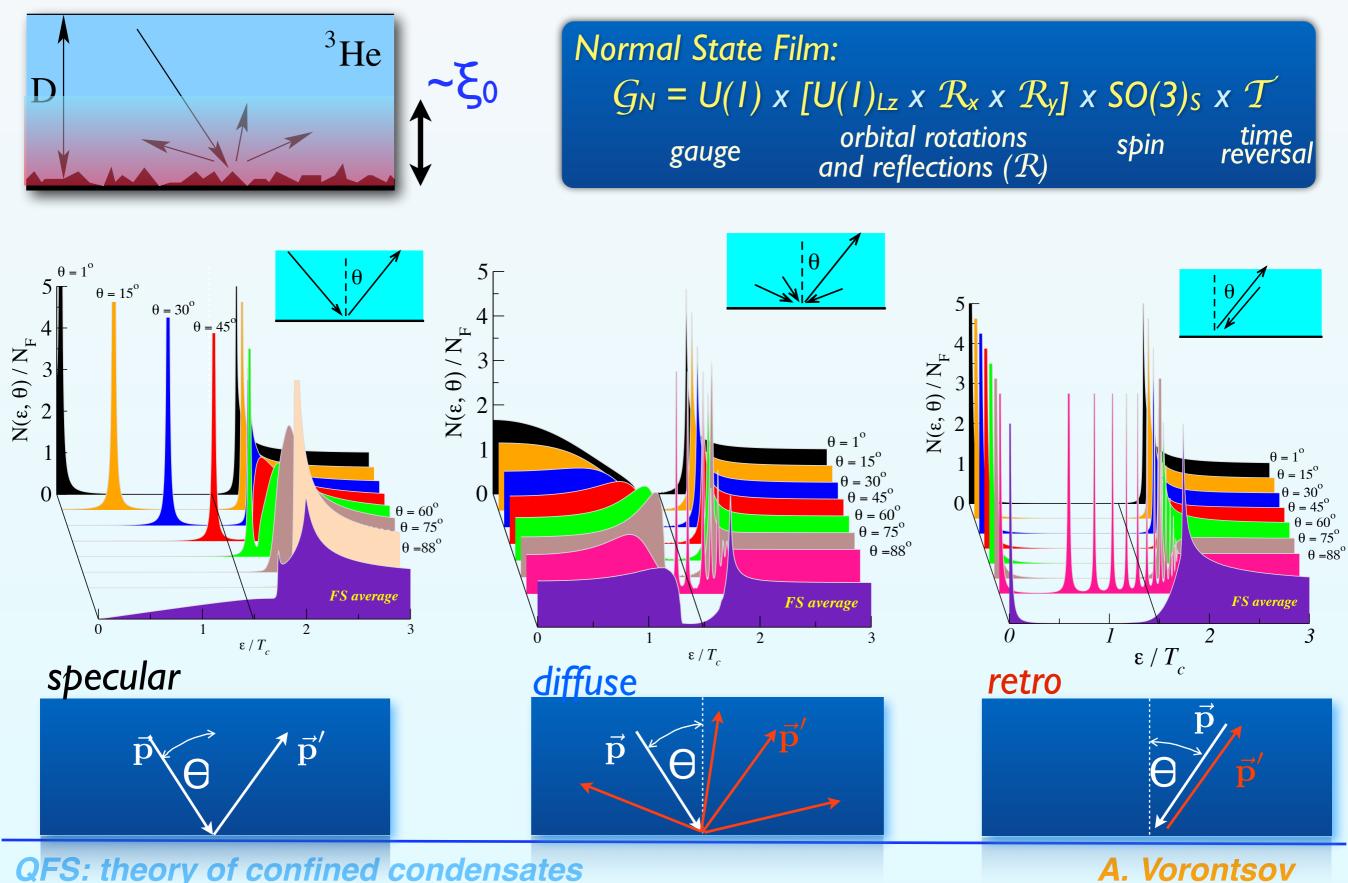
Normal State Symmetry: $G_N = U(1) \times SO(3)_L \times P \times SO(3)_S \times T$ $gauge \quad orbital \quad parity \quad spin \quad time_{reversal}$

One of the most sophisticated and successful Condensed Matter Systems:

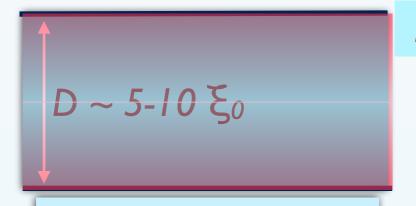


- unconventional BCS pairing
- multiple condensed phases
- complex broken symmetries
- interactions: FL, dipole-dipole,...
- topological properties

Surface states in ³He

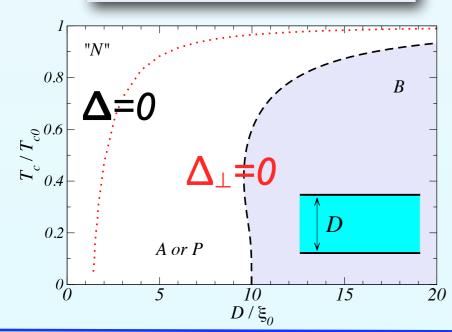


Superfluid in confinement



 $\xi_0 = \frac{\hbar v_f}{2\pi T_c} \approx 20 - 80 \,\text{nm}$

3
He-B example $^{^3}$ $^{^2}$ $^{^3}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4}$ $^{^4$



surface states dominate the volume of the sample

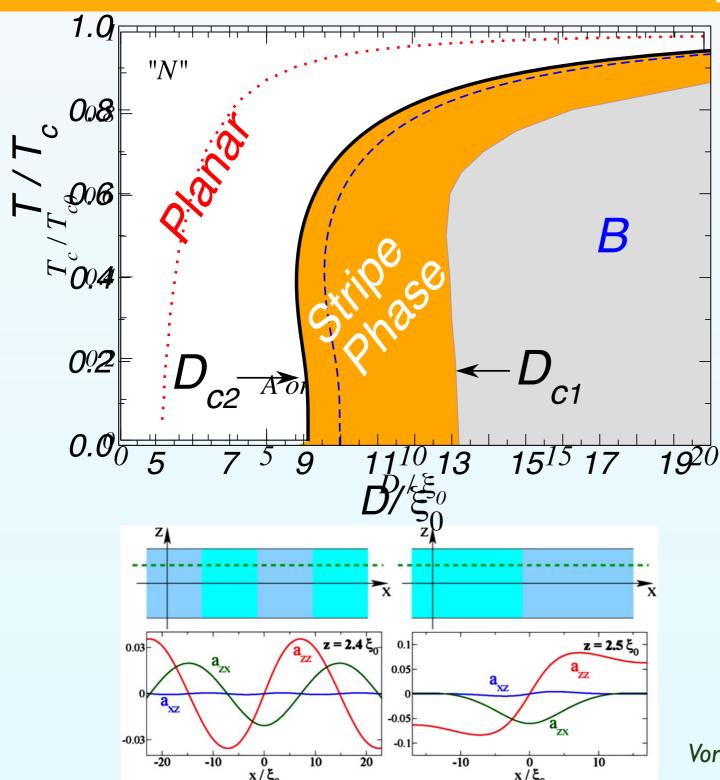
- ► Surface states interactions, non-local physics (∇)
- Suppression of Order Parameter: `non-bulk' quasiparticle spectrum, new energy landscape
- Confinement driven transitions B-A, A-Normal
- Completely new OP configurations, phases with new symmetry properties

► Control of Geometry & Spatial dimensions:

- Insight into pairing symmetries
- New phases
- New ways to access surface states: study and manipulation
- New technological devices

Superfluid He-3 films

Confinement driven transition: Stripe phase



* Transition is driven by re-structure of quasiparticle spectrum due to OP component suppression

Hara, Nagai, Prog Theor. Phys I 986

- * Spontaneously Broken Translation Symmetry in the x-y plane of the film
 - Competition of gradient and condensation energies
 - Multiple "domain wall" configurations stabilized by the boundary conditions

Salomaa, Volovik PRB 1988 Vorontsov, Sauls JLTP 2005

Vorontsov, Sauls, PRL 2007

New phases in other geometries

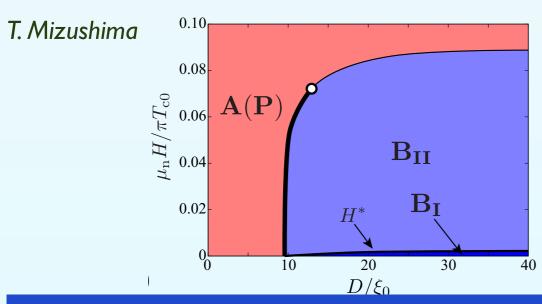
► Chiral ³He-A ribbon

Hao Wu, J. Sauls

QFS'15 talk Aug 15, 9:40am

- → Stripe order in multi-component OP
- → Domain walls with non-trivial bound states and mass currents

Superfluid He-3 in magnetic field

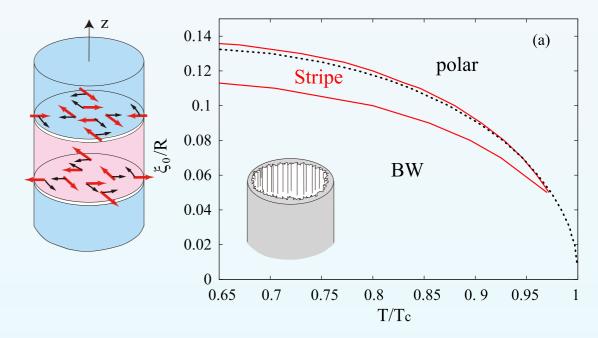


- → Additional symmetries
- → Protected topological phase in small B

Cylindrical pores

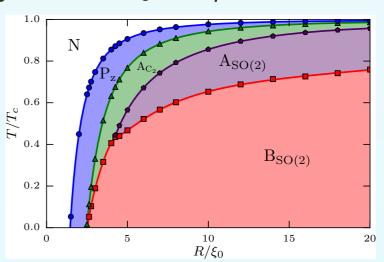
K. Aoyama, PRB 2014 Q

QFS'15 talk Aug 14 9am



J.Wiman, J. Sauls

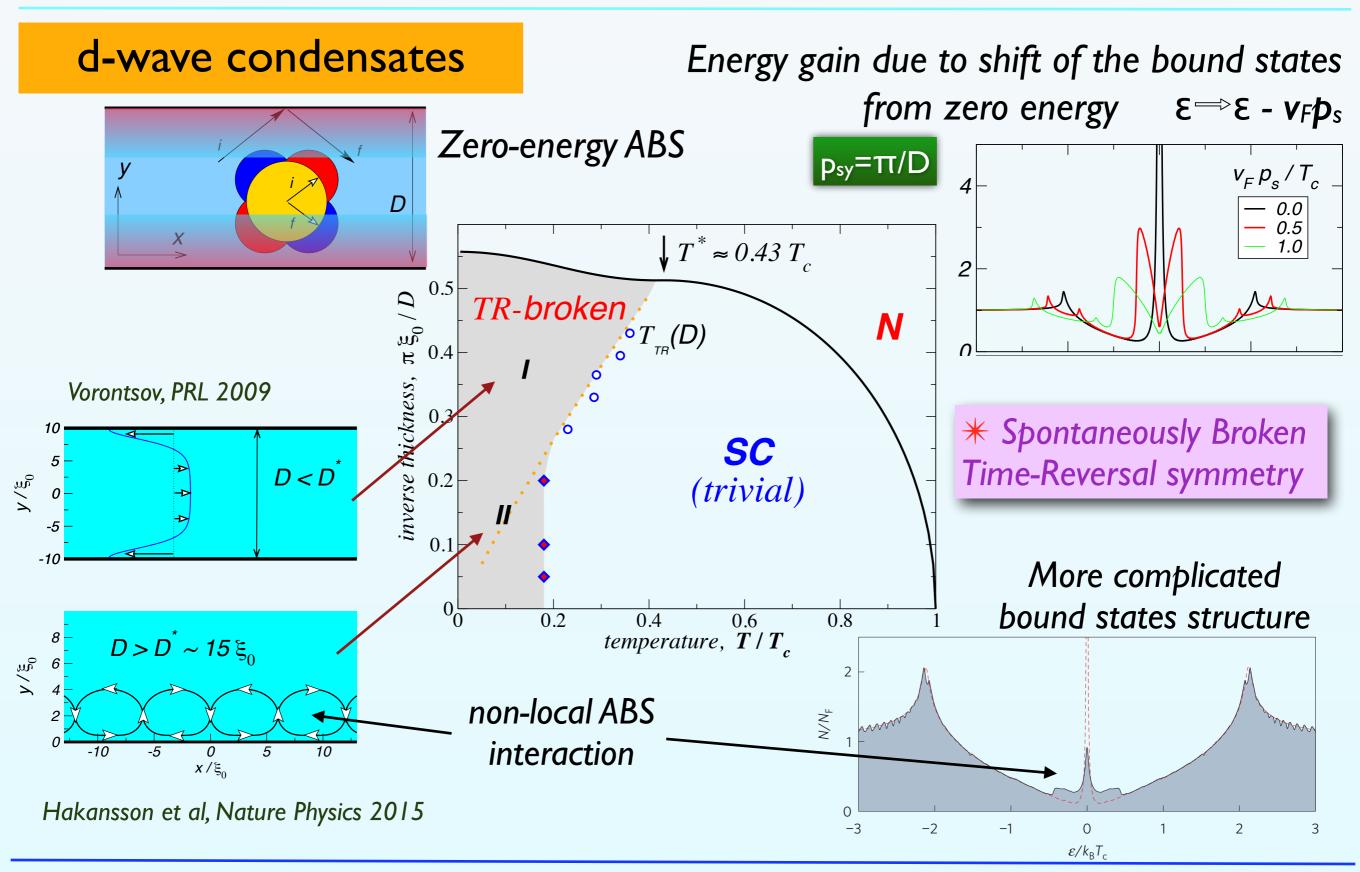
QFS'15 posters



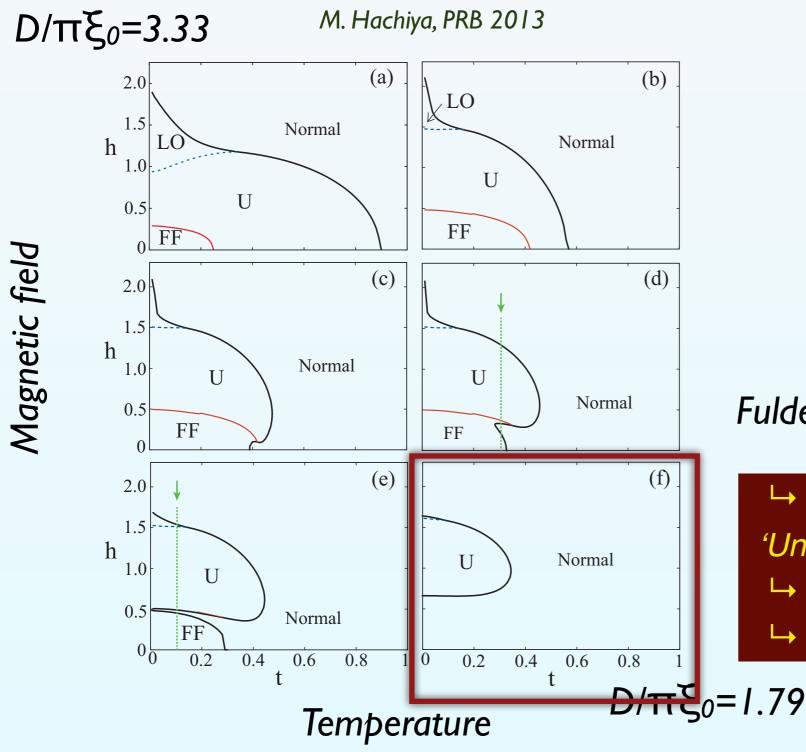
- → Several new phases
- → "Spiral" order

QFS: theory of confined lab. H.D. = Z2X U(1) ex C

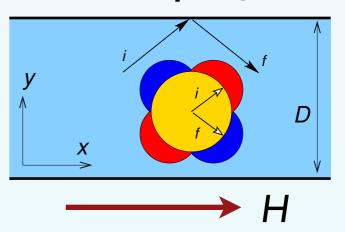
Spontaneous currents



Re-entrant superconductivity



Confined geometry with Zeeman magnetic field:



Zeeman magnetic field: Fulde-Ferrell-Larkin-Ovchinnikov state

- → Real OP modulations, Currents, 'Uniform' phases
- → Re-entrant superconductivity
- → Induced by magnetic-field

Grand Challenge 1

New phases are everywhere!

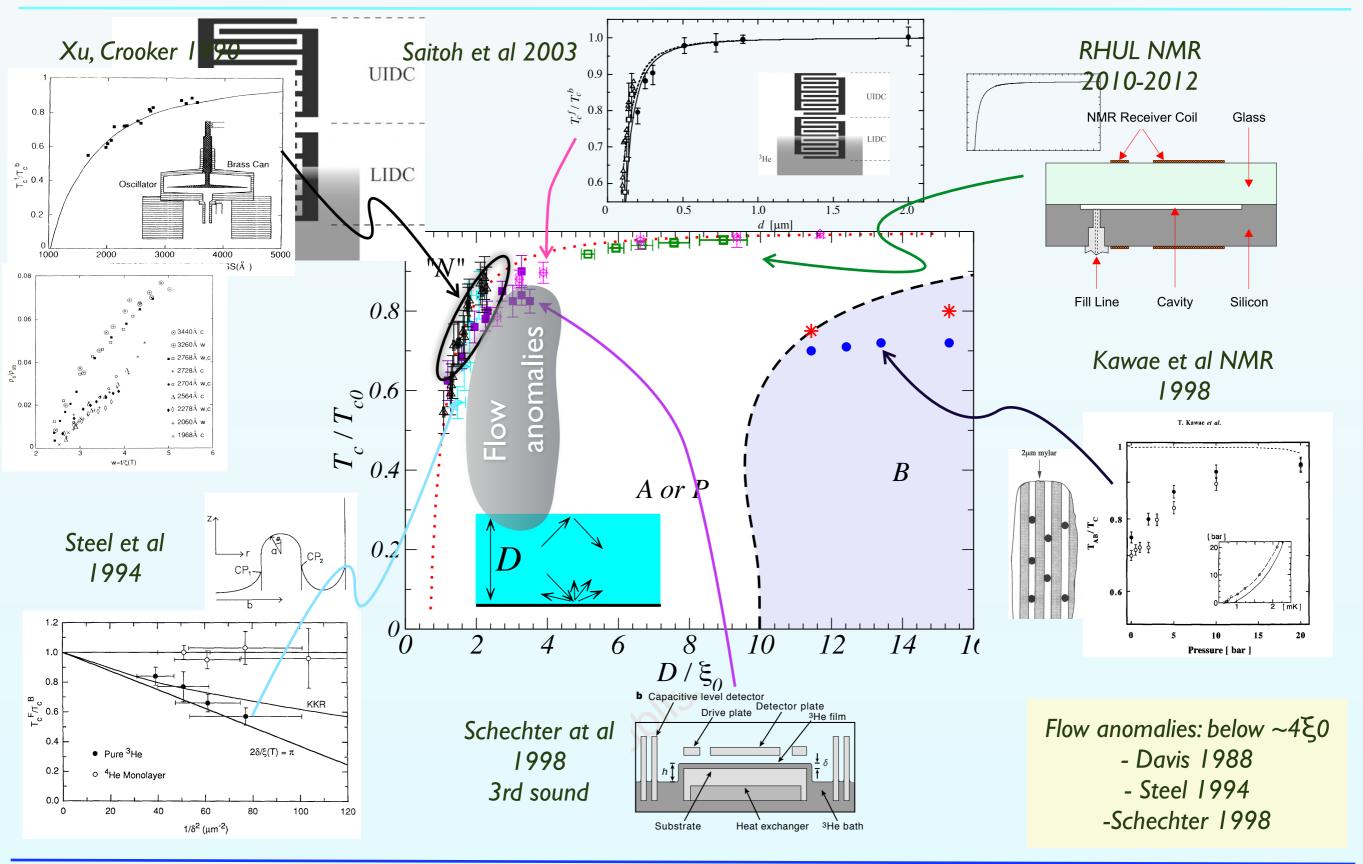
- WHERE are they?

Prediction of signatures of bound states (surfaces and domain walls) and of new phases:

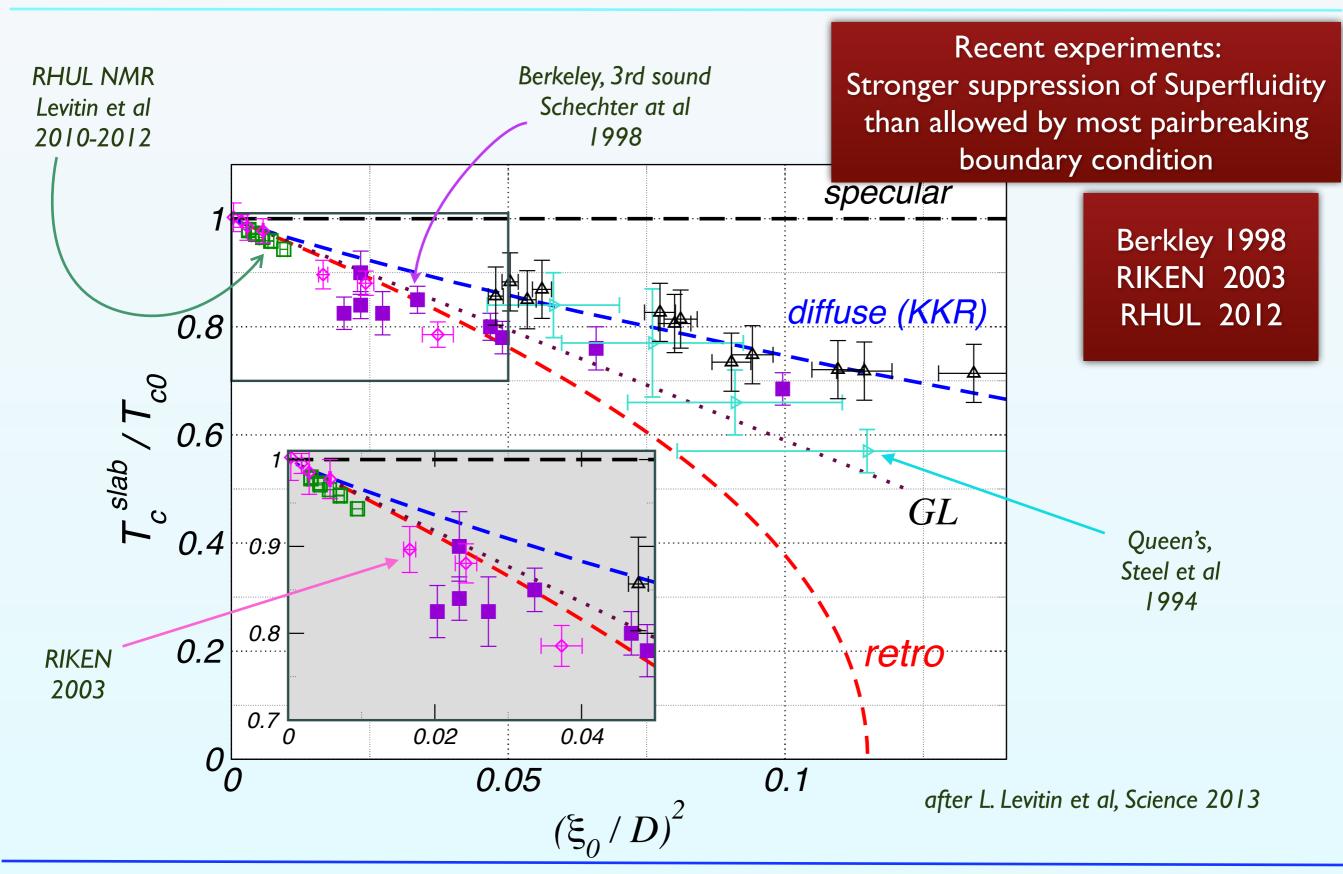
magnetic properties connection to Majorana and Weyl quasiparticles transport & non-equilibrium properties condensate dynamics

Experimental challenges and development of new techniques: low T, small volume, high B, surface physics

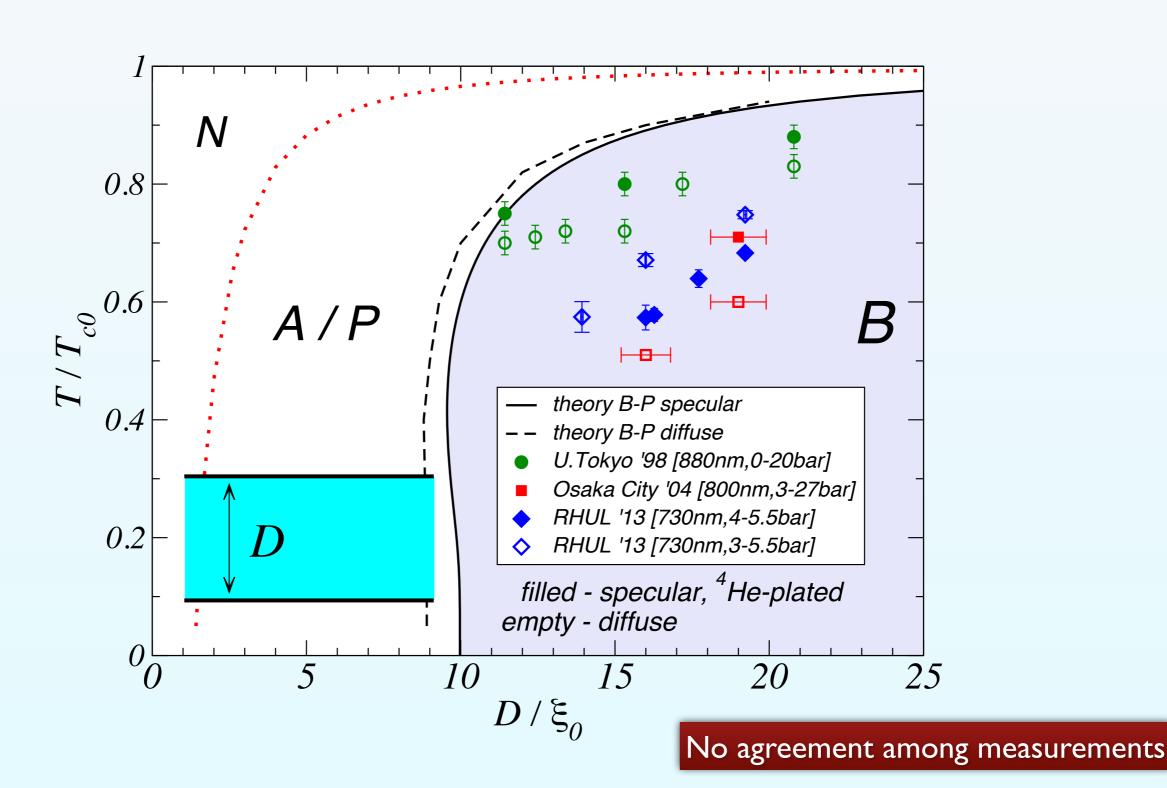
³He thin films: experiments



T_c suppression



A-B transition: experiments

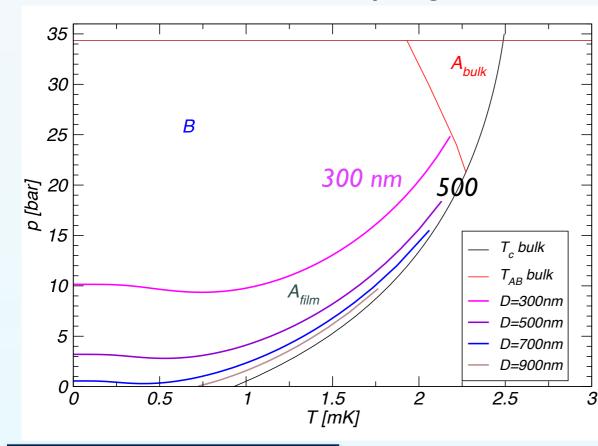


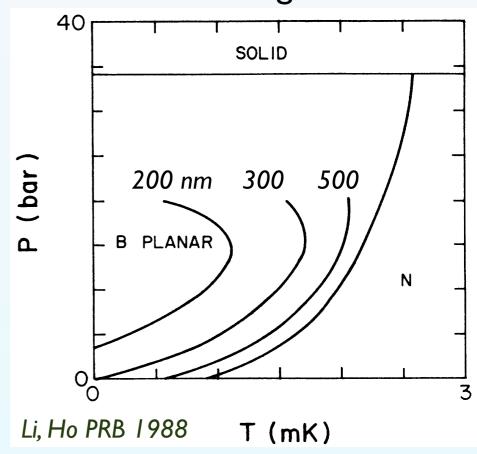
A-B transition: theory



No agreement in theory

Ginzburg-Landau theory



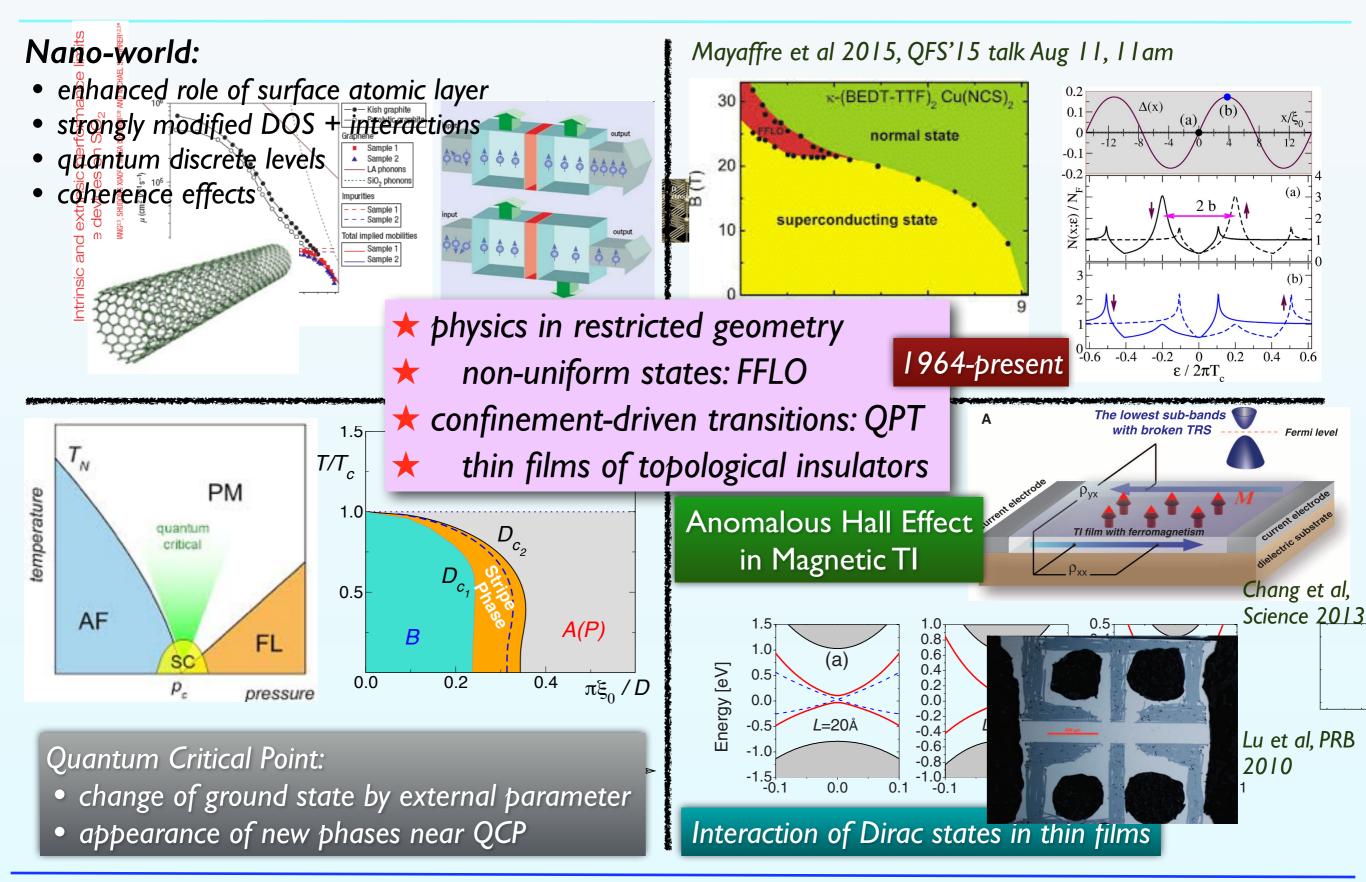




Grand Challenge 2

☐ Need for development of numerical approaches to model complex systems☐ Joint effort of several groups

Broader connections



Vision for theory of restricted geometries

- Superfluid He-3 is a model of unconventional pairing
 - → 1.1 9 x 2 order parameter components
 - 1.2 symmetry and topology playground
- Grand Challenge: understanding surface states in confined geometry
 - → 2.1 properties of bound states
 - ⇒ 2.2 interactions with fields
 - 2.3 connection to topological properties
- Grand Challenge: find agreement between theory and experiment (thin films)
 - → 3.1 numerical modeling combined effort
 - → 3.2 connection to experiment
- Impact on various fields
 - → 4.1 States in confinement including FFLO
 - → 4.2 QPT and topological materials

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