

# NeuroPose:

## 3D Hand Pose Tracking using EMG Wearables

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# Motivation

- 3D Finger pose tracking has a lot of useful applications in user–interfaces







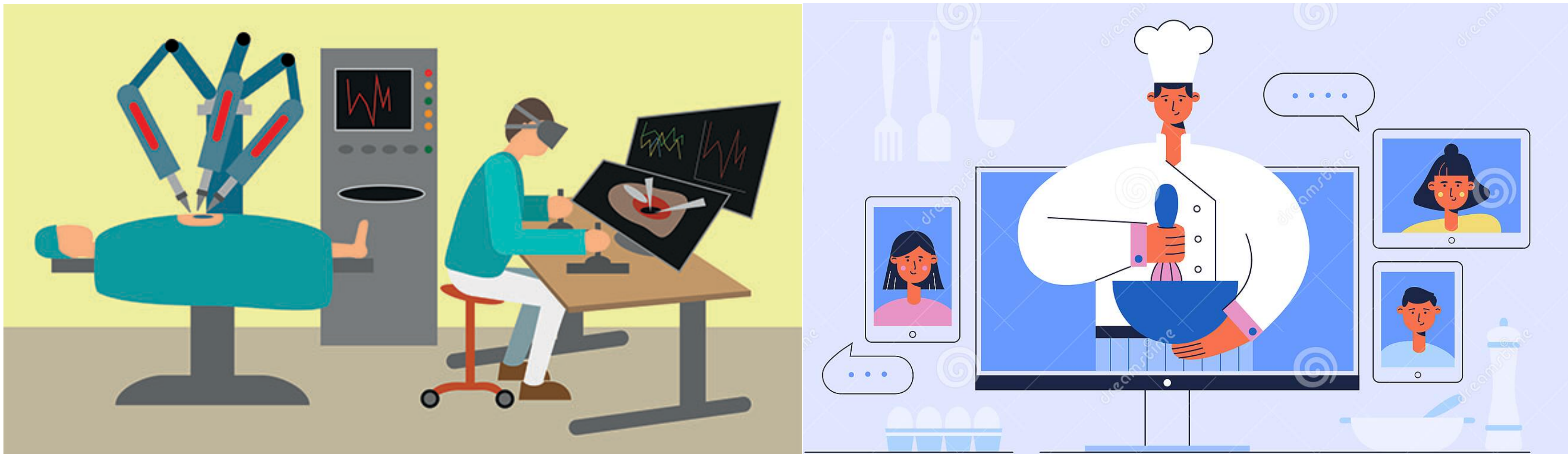
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- Web–based augmented/virtual reality applications are becoming popular



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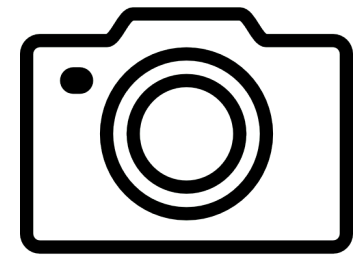
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# Existing work

- Vision: Can track 3D finger poses from videos



Affected by occlusions and need good lighting

- wearables: robust to lighting and occlusions



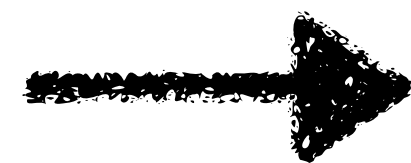
Gloves: intrusive

IMU, EMG, ... : only discrete gestures

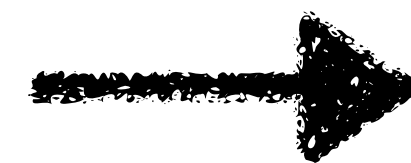
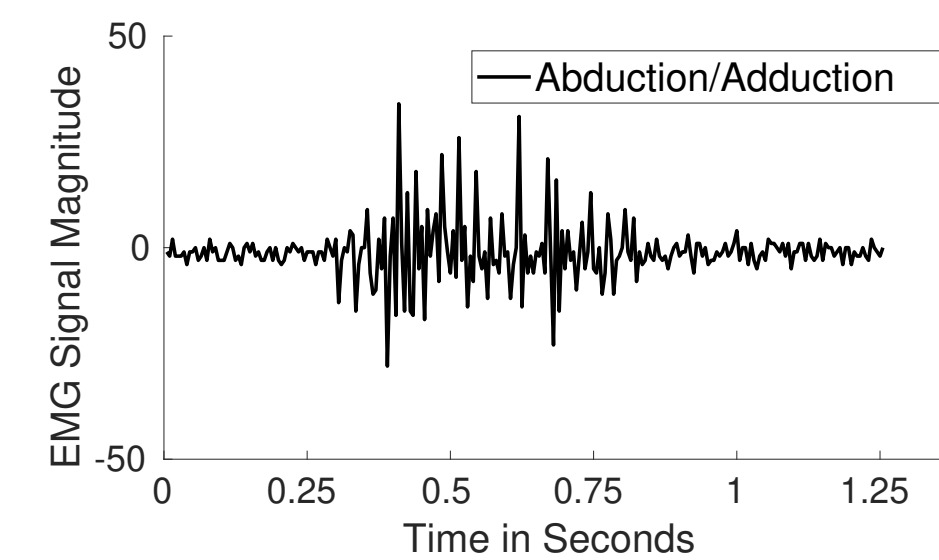
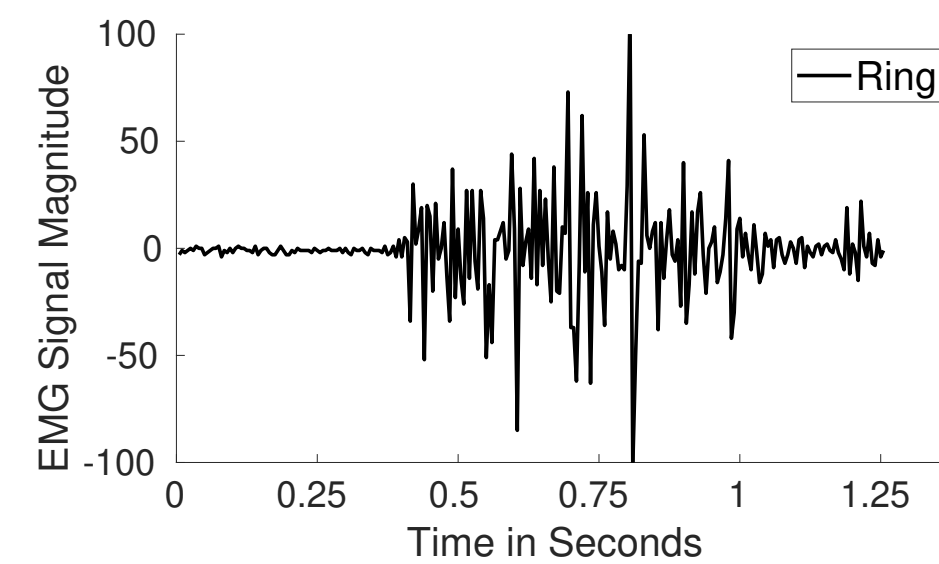
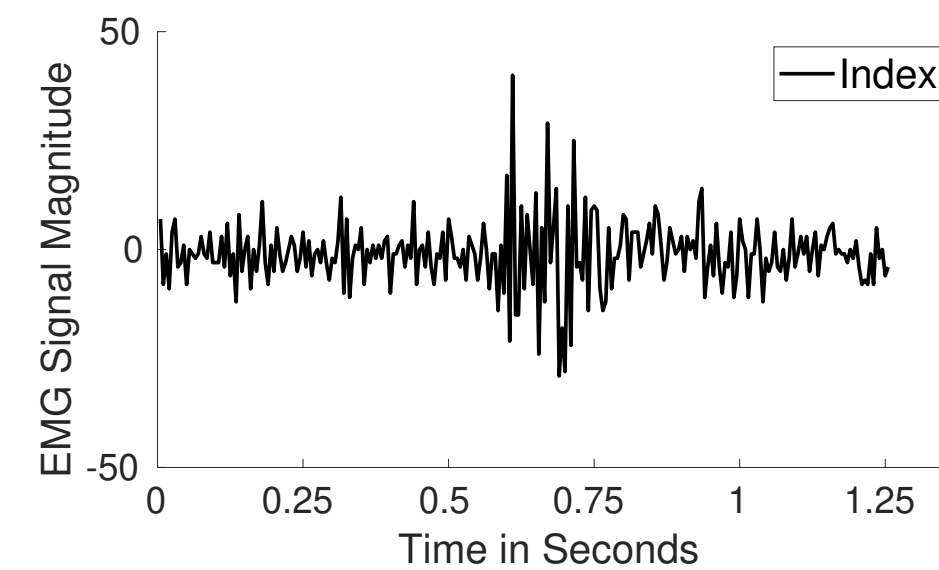


# Our system: NeuroPose

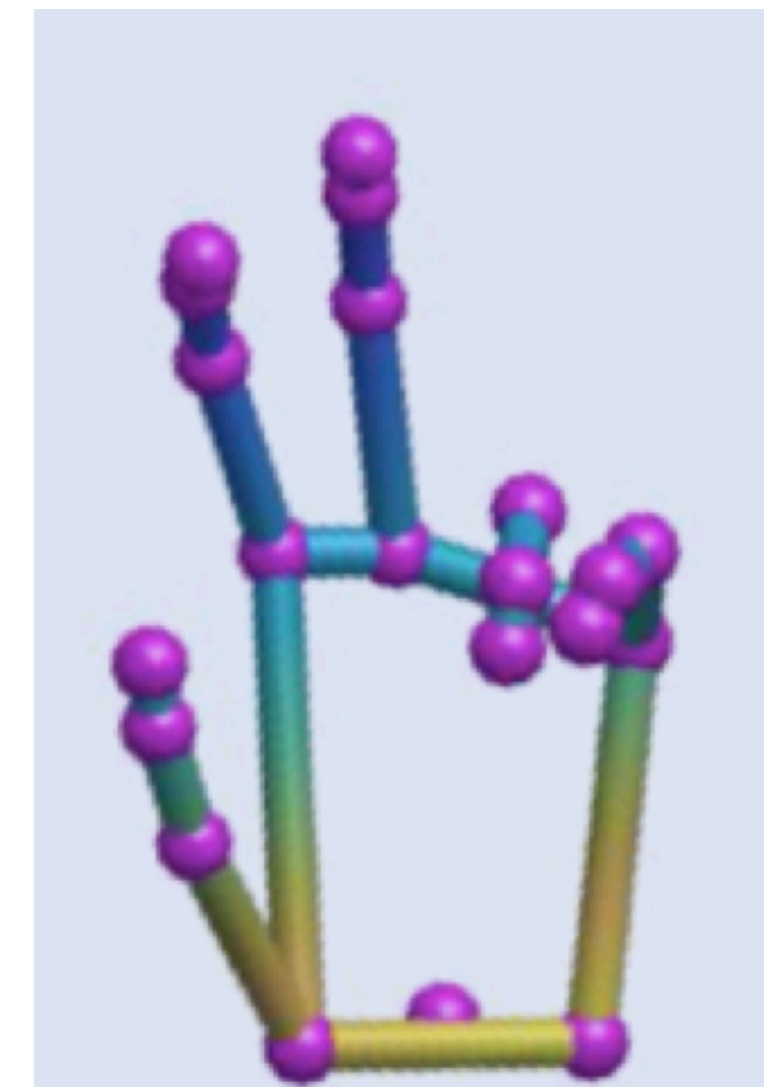
EMG sensor



EMG Signals



3D Hand Pose



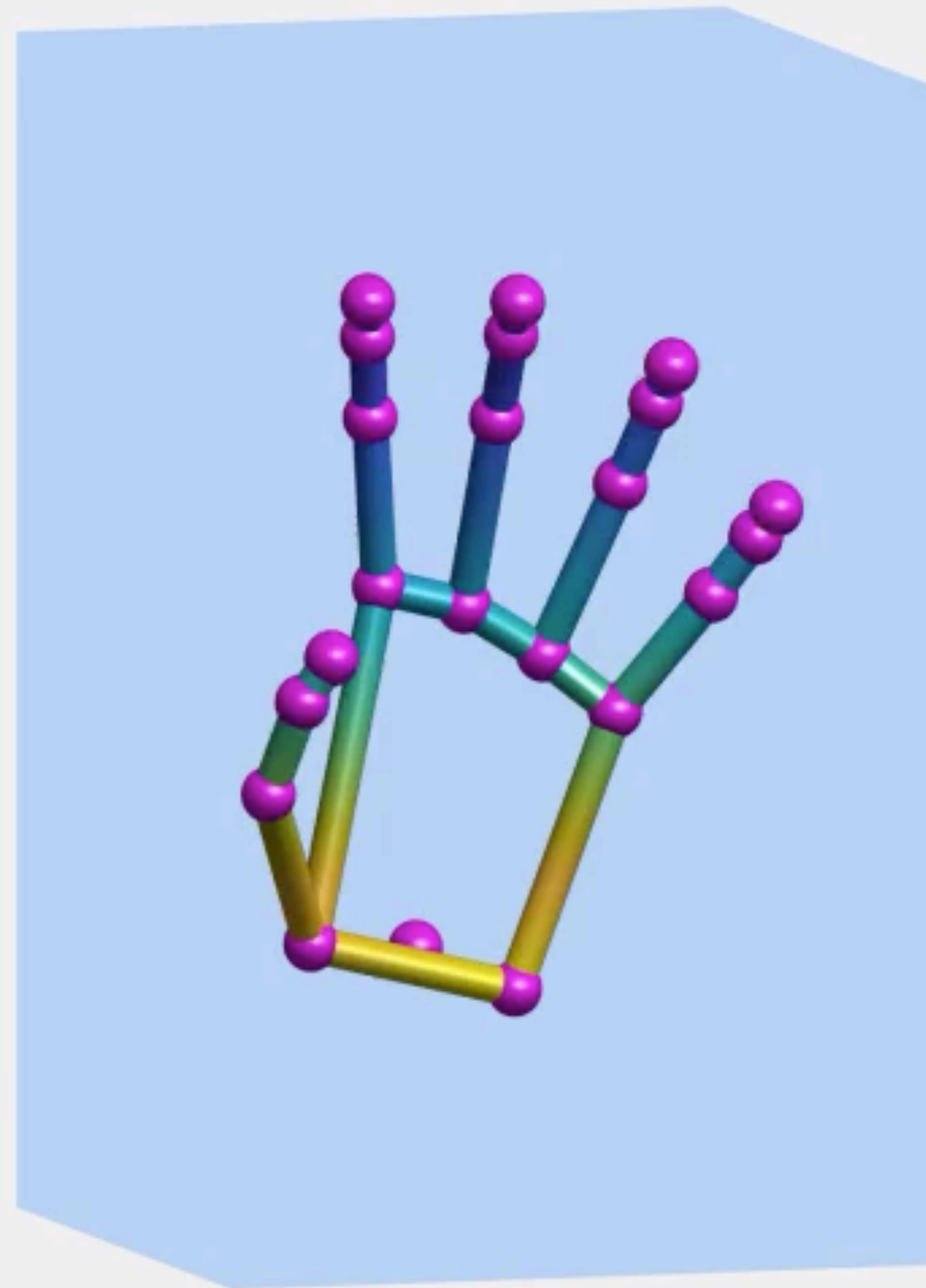


# Our system: NeuroPose

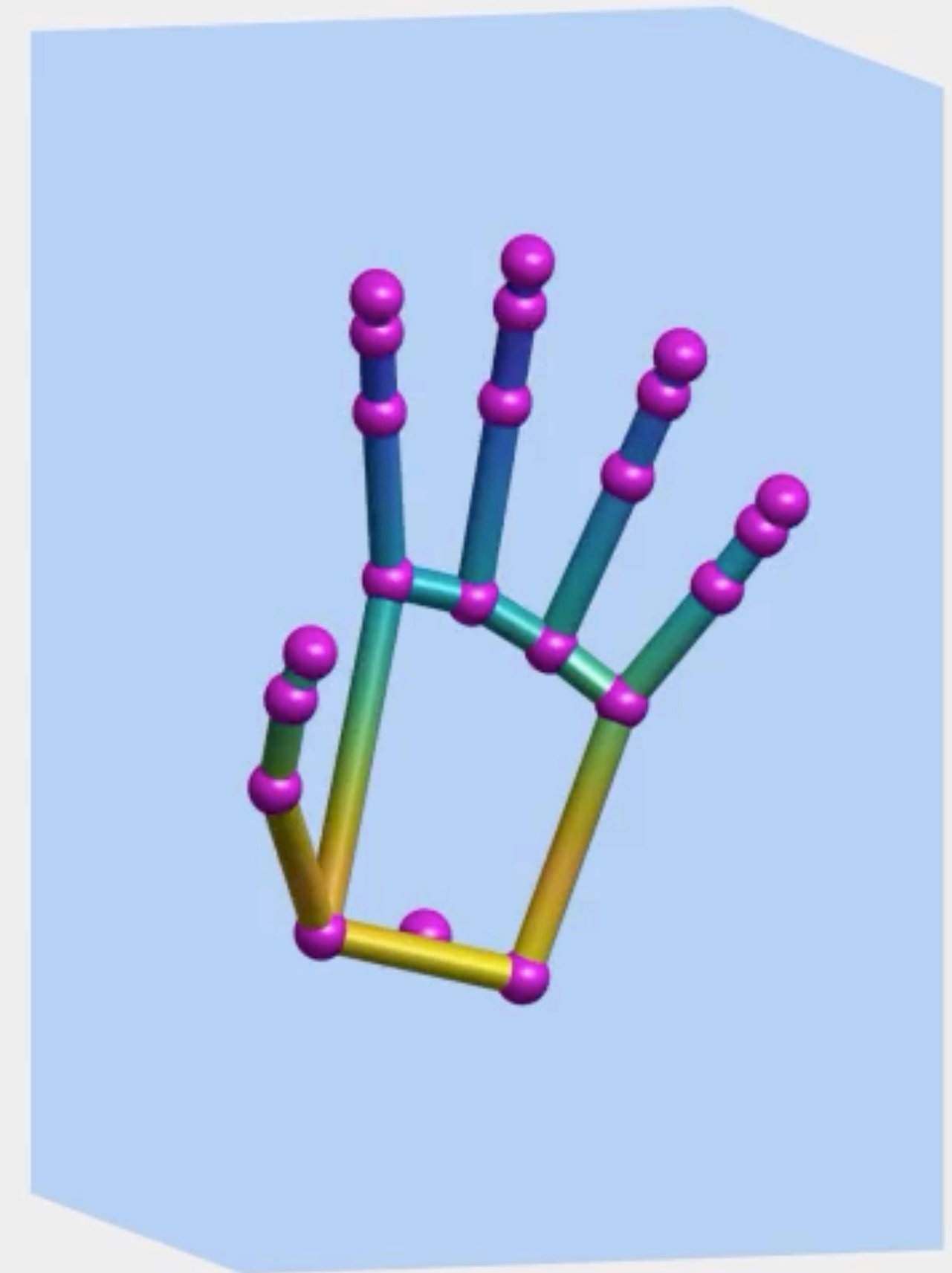
Real Hand



Ground Truth

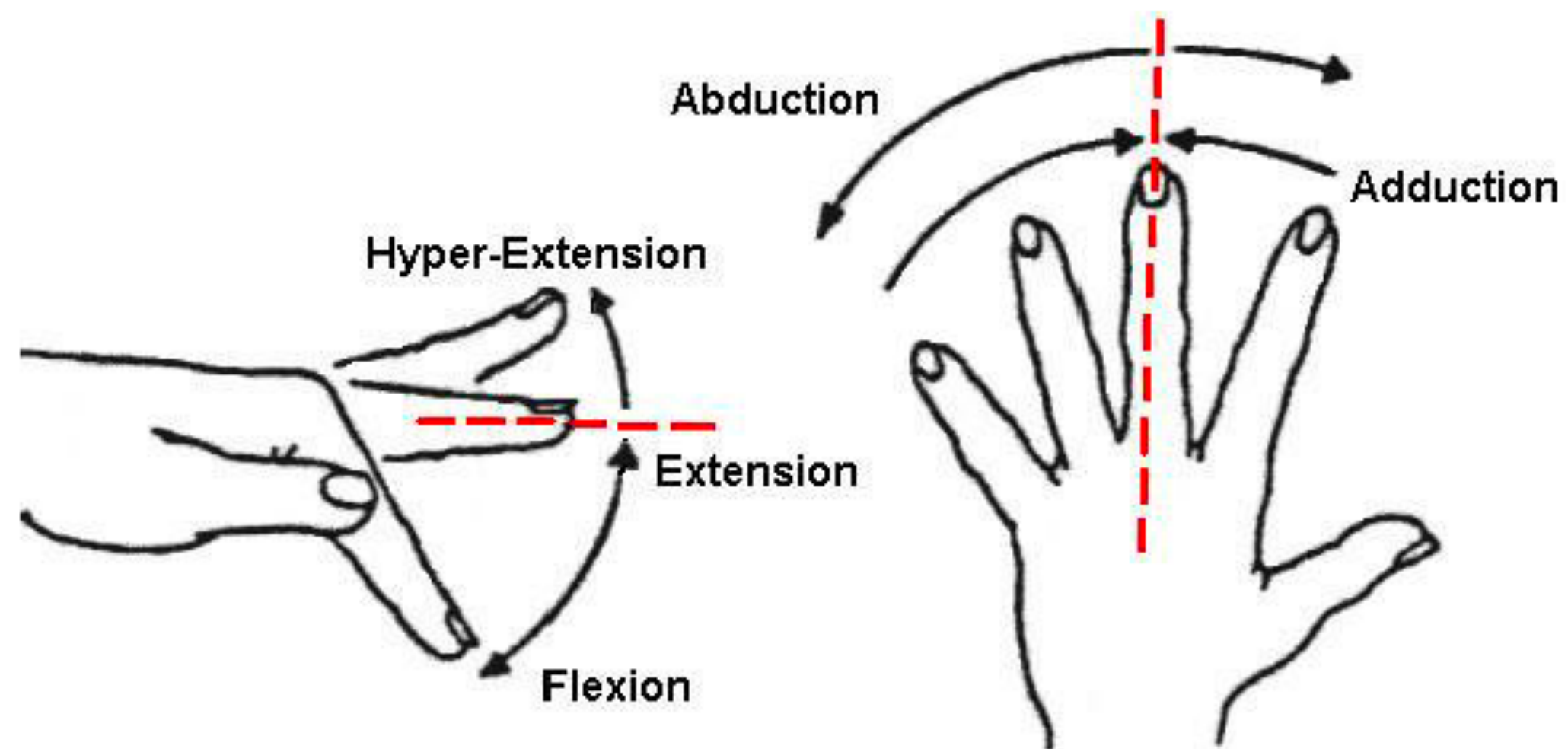


Our System





# Background

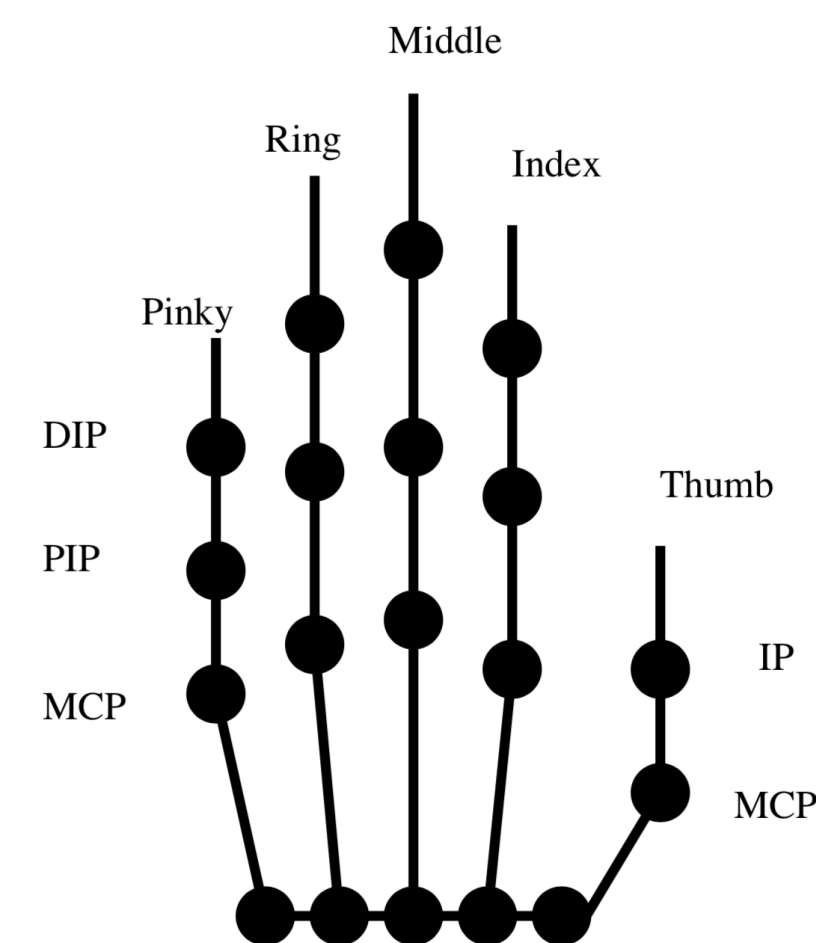


## Constraints

$$\theta_{dip} = \frac{2}{3}\theta_{pip}$$

$$\theta_{ip} = \frac{1}{2}\theta_{mcp,f/e}$$

$$\theta_{mcp,f/e} = k\theta_{pip}, \quad 0 \leq k \leq \frac{1}{2}$$



15 Degrees



6 Degrees



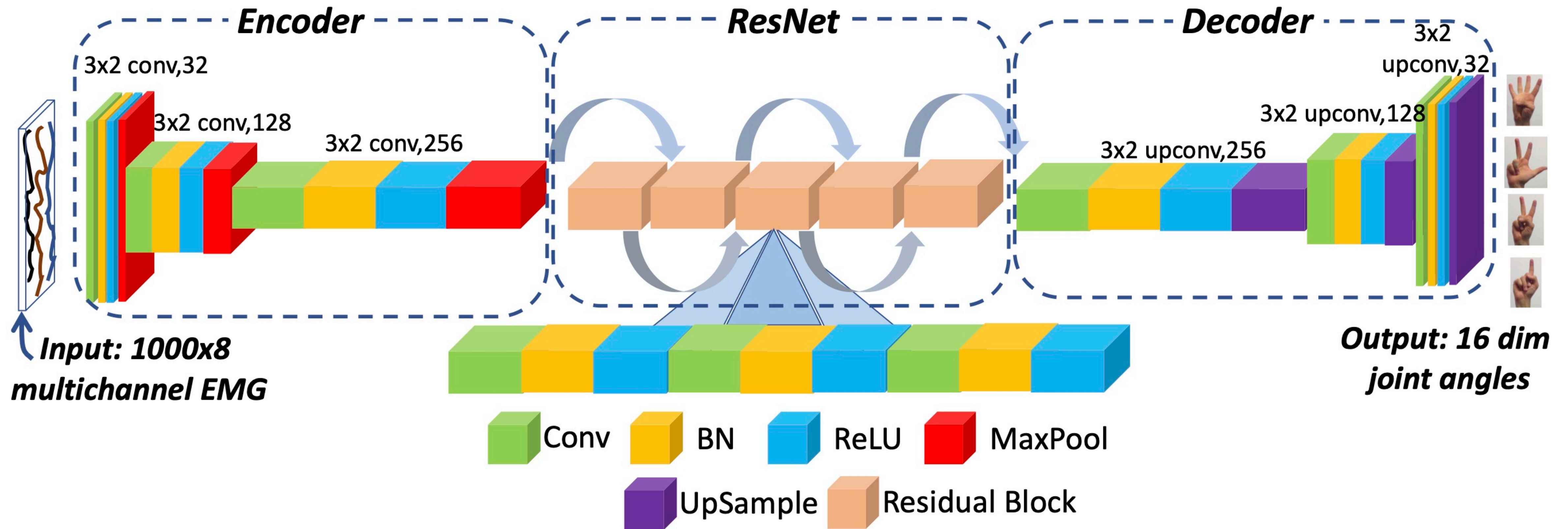
$\mathbb{R}^{21}$



$\mathbb{R}^{16}$

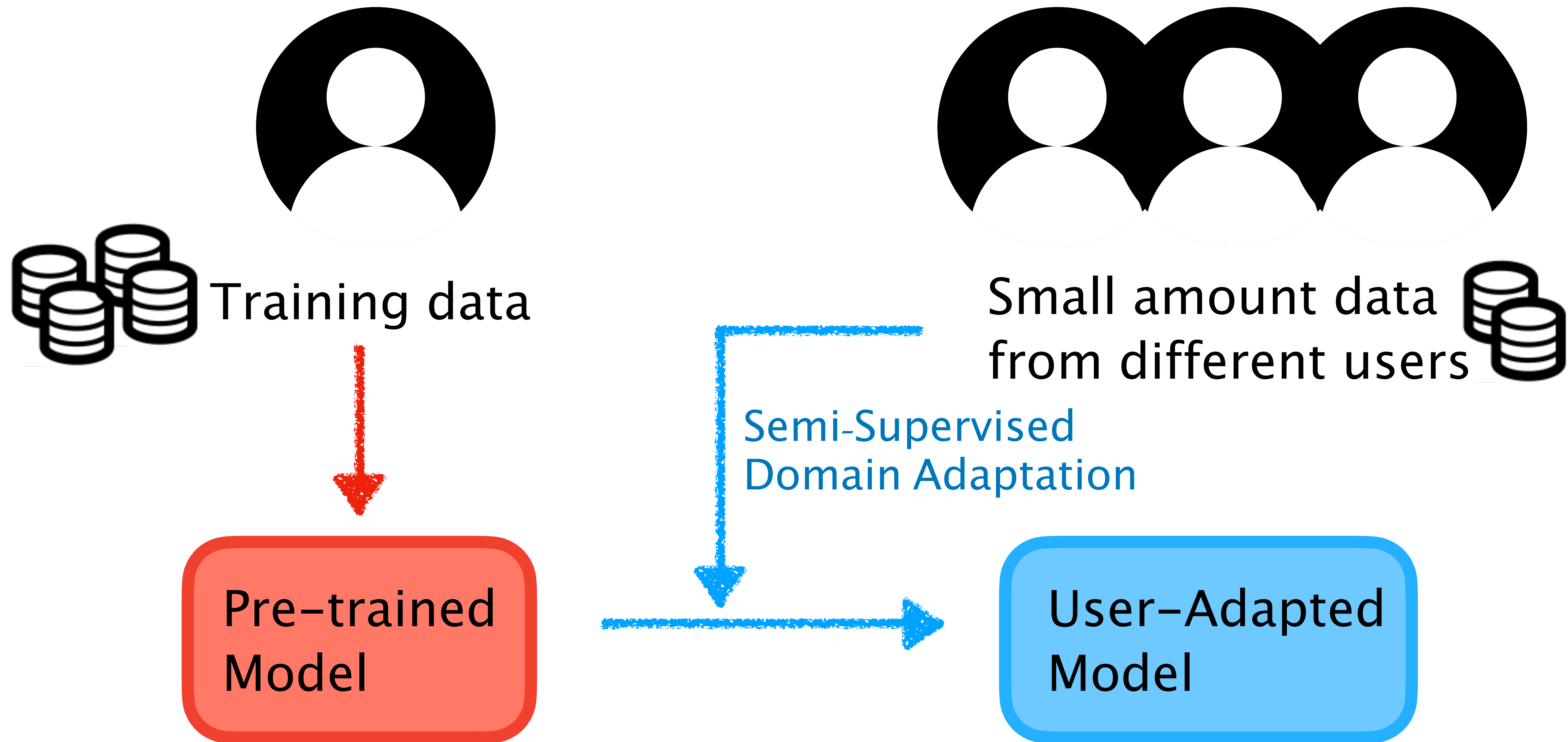


# Encoder-Decoder Network



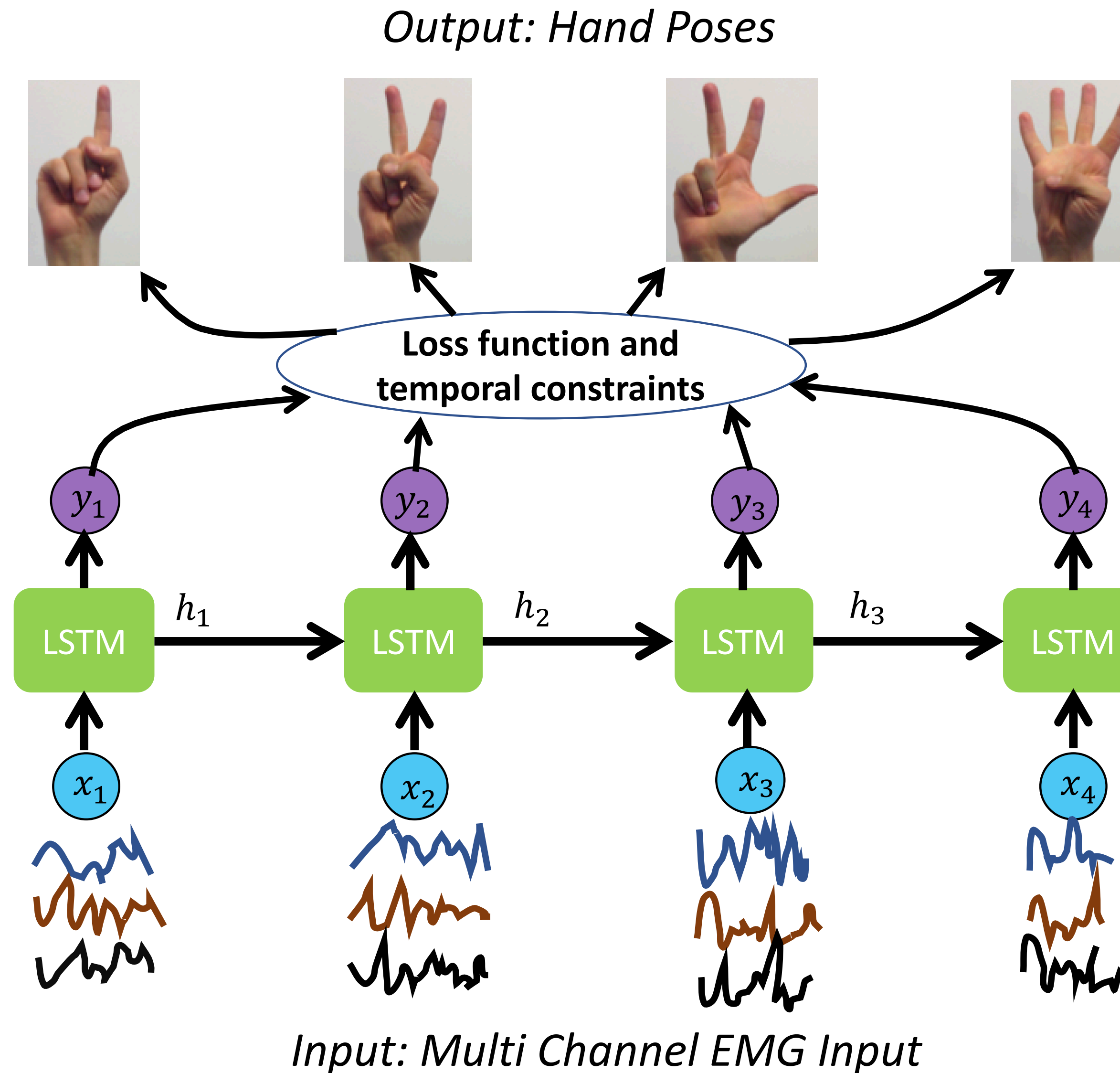


# Robust to different users?





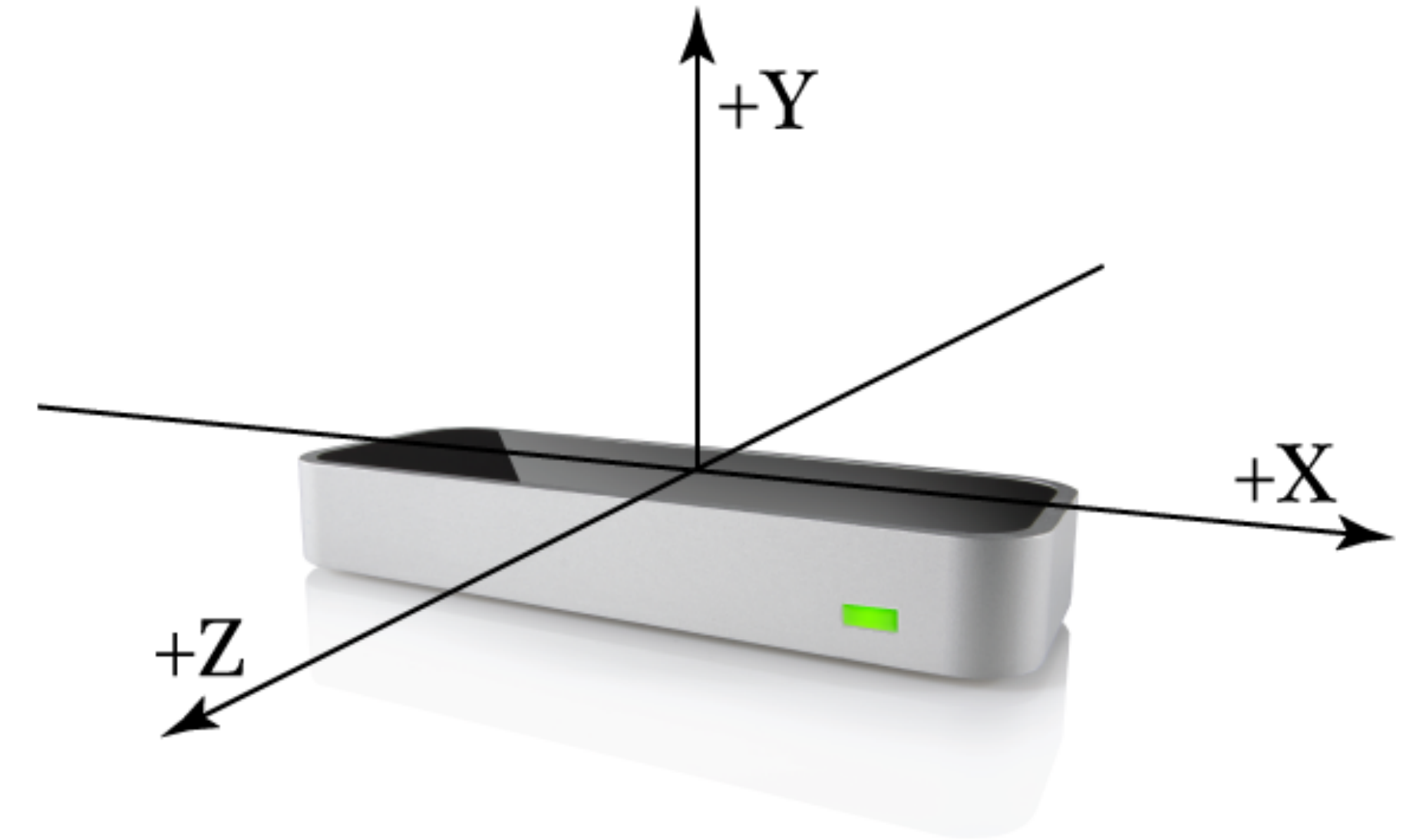
# RNN Network



# Evaluation Result



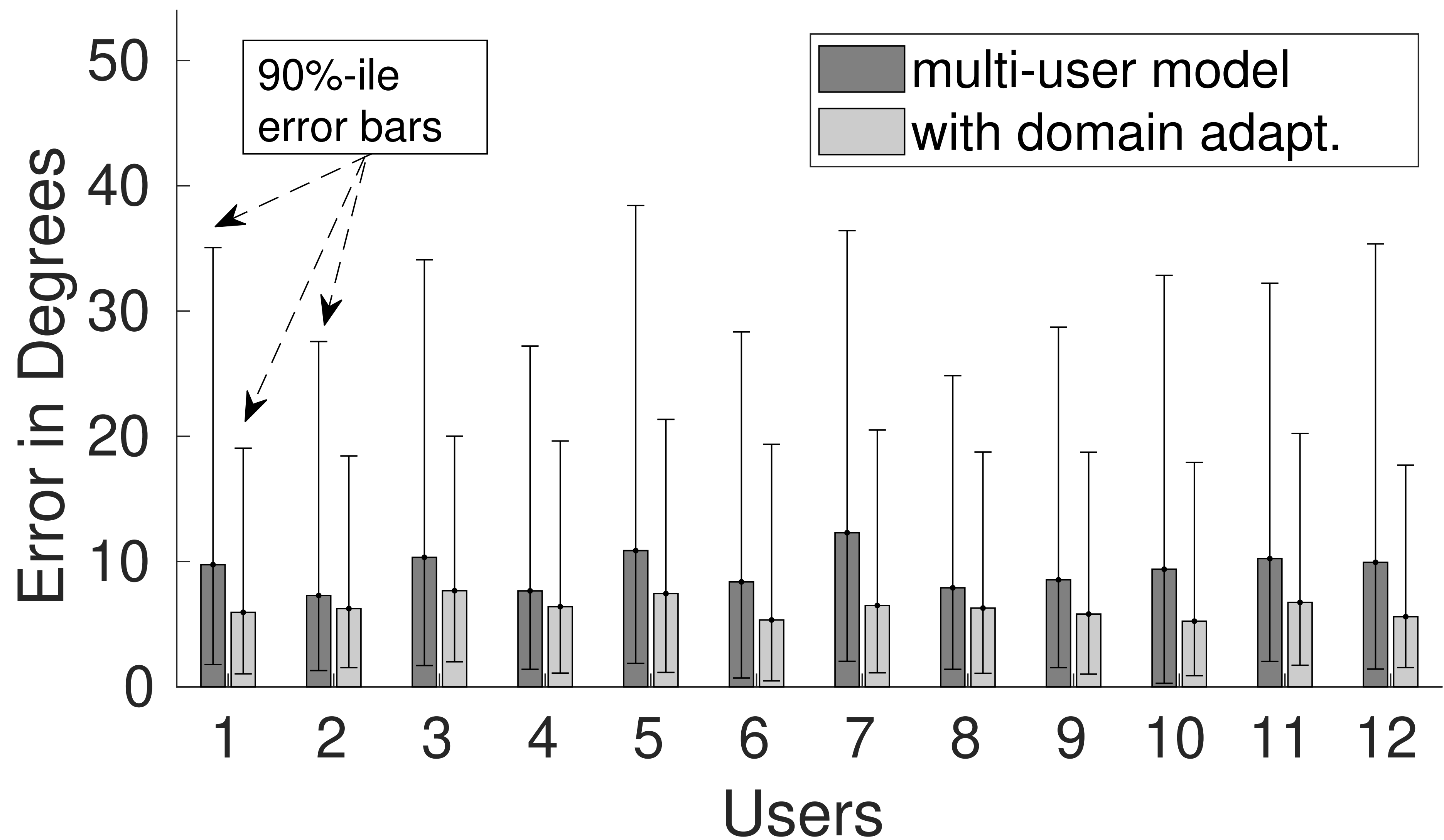
# Evaluation platform



Training data

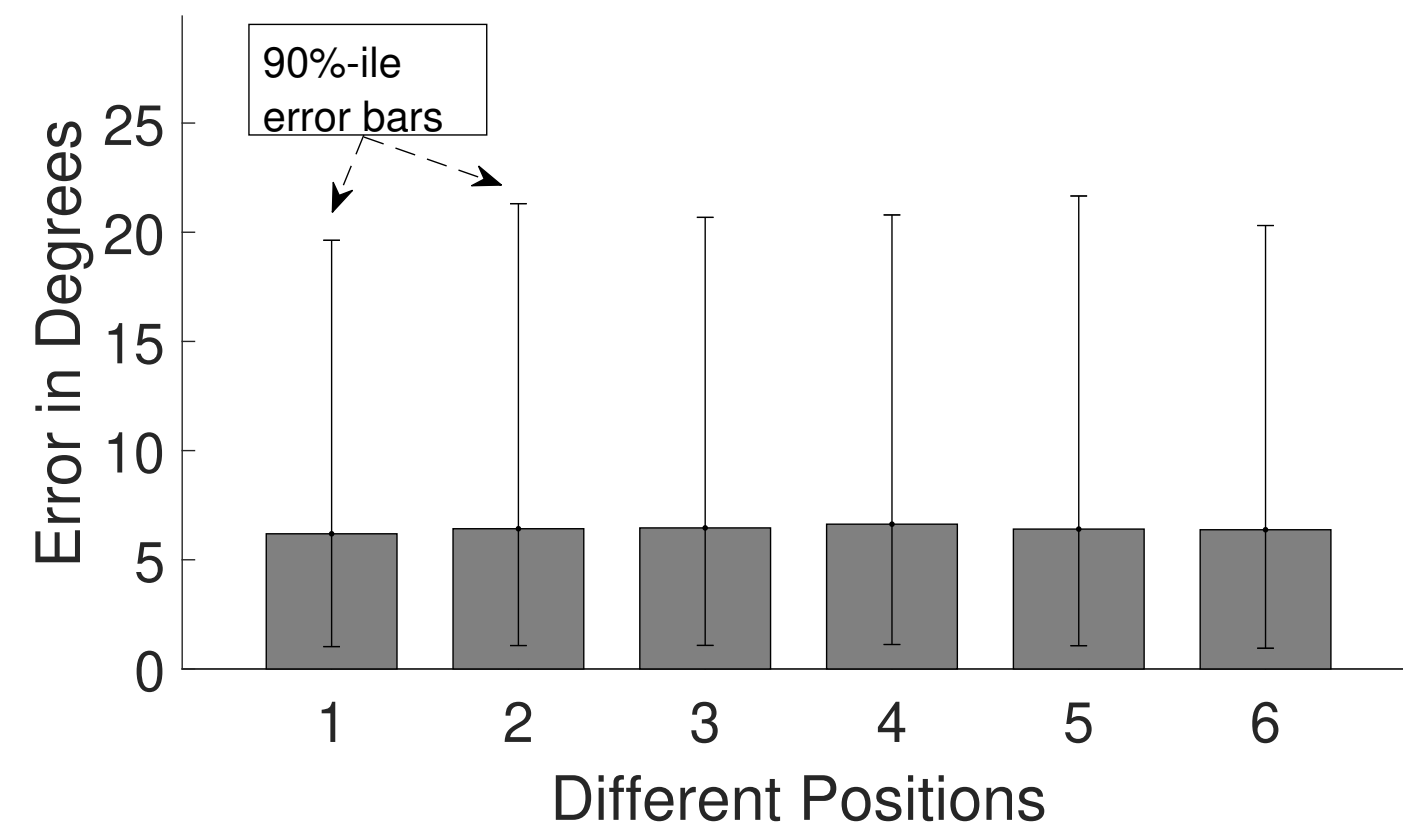
Ground Truth

# Domain adaptation significantly reduces errors over users

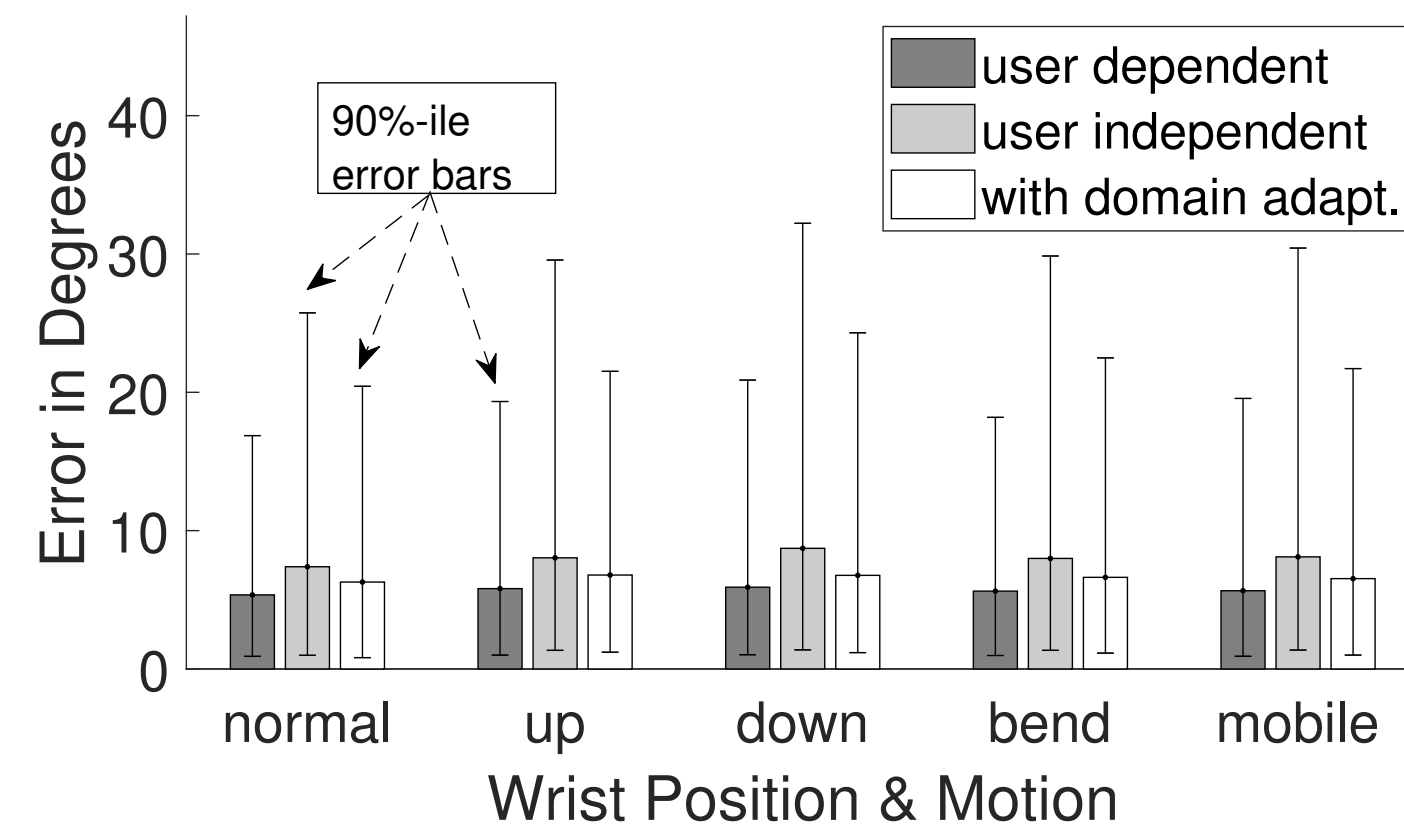




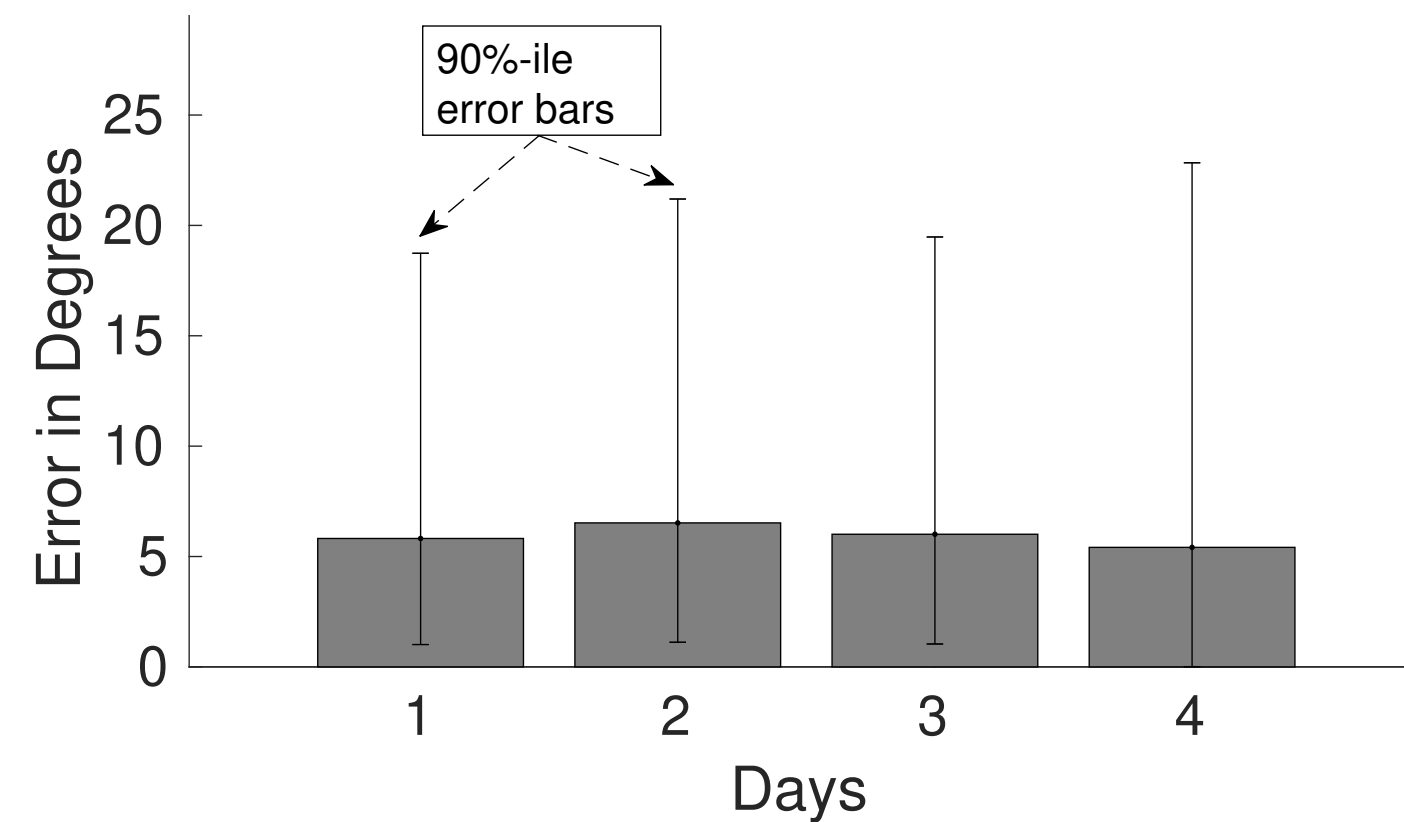
# Robustness to different conditions



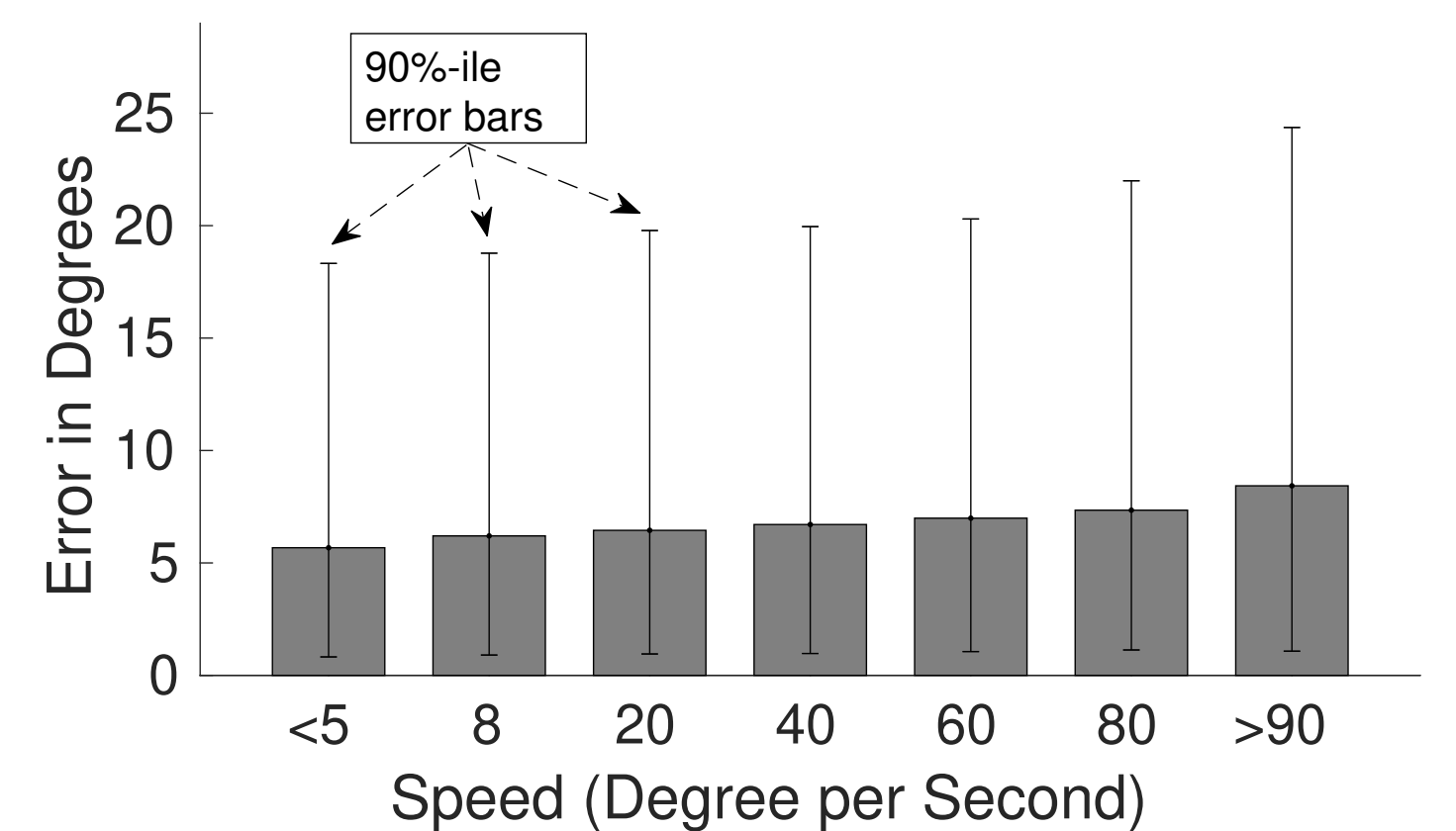
Sensor Positions



Wrist Positions

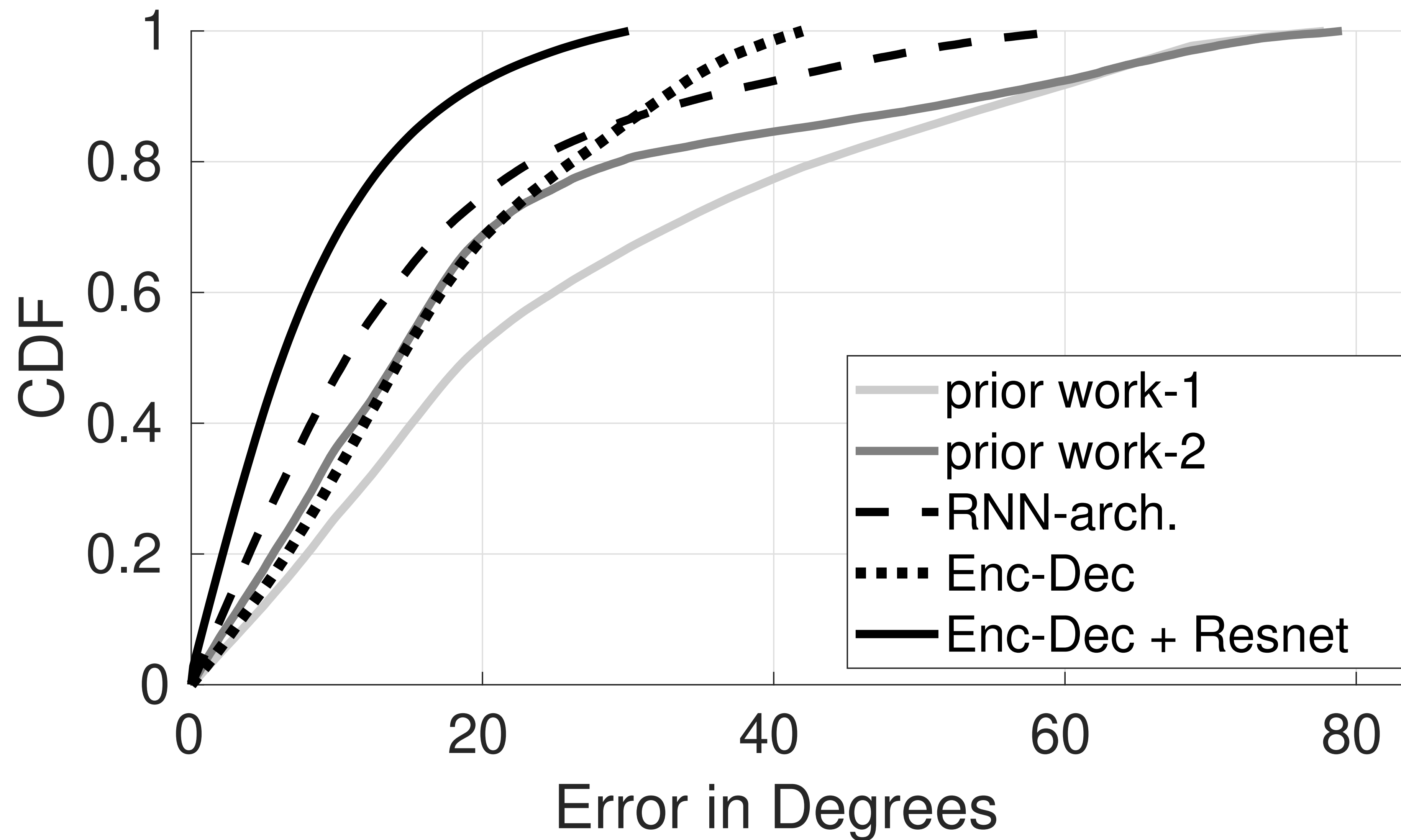


Across Days



Finger Motion Speed

# Encoder-Decoder-ResNet outperforms others





# Conclusion

NeuroPose shows the feasibility of fine grained 3D tracking of 21 finger joint angles using EMG devices for arbitrary finger motions.

Develop fusion of anatomical constraints with sensor data into machine learning algorithms for higher accuracy.

Implementation on embedded platforms and extensive evaluation over diverse users.

Thank you!



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